# STATE OF CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD

# In the Matter of Water Quality Certification for U. S. Army Corps of Engineers 404 Permits for THE BUCKS CREEK HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT (FERC NO. 619)

# GRIZZLY FOREBAY DAM OUTLET VALVE RETROFIT PROJECT ON GRIZZLY CREEK, TRIBUTARY TO THE NORTH FORK FEATHER RIVER

## FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION PROJECT NO. 619

SOURCES: Grizzly Creek; Bucks Creek and Milk Ranch Creek transfer through the Grizzly Tunnel to Grizzly Forebay

COUNTY: Plumas County

### WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION FOR FEDERAL PERMIT OR LICENSE

## BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR:

#### Background

The PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY (PG&E) owns and operates the Bucks Creek Hydroelectric Project (Bucks Project) located on Bucks, Grizzly, and Milk Ranch Creeks and their tributaries in Plumas County. The Bucks Project features include four reservoirs, a conduit, two tunnels, and two powerhouses, all located in the North Fork Feather River watershed within the Plumas National Forest (PNF). Bucks Powerhouse, on the North Fork Feather River, began operation in the 1920s with flow delivered from impoundments at Upper Bucks Lake and Lower Bucks Lake. In 1988 the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) approved an amendment to the Bucks Project License, and construction of Grizzly Powerhouse and Grizzly Forebay was completed in 1993. Articles of the amended license required PG&E to conduct environmental studies of the Bucks Project area and, in consultation with PNF, develop environmental mitigation plans and recommendations for submittal to FERC by December 31, 2004. Based on instream flow and fisheries enhancement recommendations received, FERC issued a January 11, 2006 Order amending minimum streamflow requirements below Lower Bucks Lake Dam and Grizzly Forebay Dam. As an interim measure, PG&E has removed the orifice plates in the existing outlet valves allowing flow of approximately seven cubic feet per second (cfs) to pass below each dam, to achieve releases as close as possible to the specified minimum flows. To fully implement the requirement for

increased minimum flow releases to Grizzly Creek, retrofit work on the Grizzly Forebay Dam outlet valve will be necessary.

### **Proposed Project**

PG&E proposes modifications to the outlet valve at Grizzly Forebay Dam to increase capacity, allowing for flow release equal to or greater than eight cfs as seasonally required. Work consists of temporary closure of an upstream gate on the low level outlet to allow replacement of the existing downstream valve with a pressure reducing valve and hood assembly. A portion of one large rock will be removed from the access area on the North bank downstream of the dam and improvements in the immediate area of the dam face will include the installation of a valve pad and footings that require approximately ten cubic yards of concrete. The affected area will be restored after completion of construction activities.

During upgrade sizing of the valve assembly, PG&E has agreed to maintain minimum flow releases from Grizzly Forebay Dam for protection of the aquatic ecosystem supported by Grizzly Creek. The work site at the base of the dam is not accessible by vehicle; PG&E will deliver construction materials to the immediate area using helicopter or concrete pump equipment staged at the nearby roadway. The laydown area at Grizzly Forebay will be on the dam and existing roadway, and cranes may be used to transfer material from the laydown area to the worksite below. Erosion control measures will be taken in the limited areas of work and concrete placement will be done in the dry. All construction debris and bedrock castings will be removed from the dam site and stream channel.

Activities proposed at Grizzly Forebay Dam offer potential for introduction of discharge to the Grizzly Creek channel downstream. Consistent with requirements of the Clean Water Act (CWA), PG&E has requested a CWA section 404 Permit (33 U.S.C. §1344) from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for the proposed retrofit and restoration project. In its application, PG&E seeks to proceed with construction activities under a section 404 Nationwide Permit, characterizing the proposed project as "routine maintenance."

### **404 Nationwide Permits**

On May 11, 2007, the State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board) issued statewide water quality certification covering several classes of activities covered under U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 404 Nationwide Permits (NWP) Program and at the same time denied certification without prejudice to several classes of NWPs that were found to individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the environment. The NWP classes that were not certified by the State Water Board were found to result in more than minimal individual impacts or contribute to cumulative impacts as a result of the range of activities contemplated under those NWPs and therefore require water quality certification on an individual project-by-project basis. PG&E has applied to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for NWP Number 3 (Routine Maintenance). NWP

Number 3 is one of those NWPs denied certification. Therefore, PG&E must obtain individual water quality certification from the State Water Board.

### **Regulatory Authority**

The Federal CWA (33 U.S.C. §§ 1251-1387) was enacted "to restore and maintain the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of the Nation's waters" (33 U.S.C. § 1251(a)). Section 101(g) of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1251(g)) requires federal agencies to "cooperate with state and local agencies to develop comprehensive solutions to prevent, reduce and eliminate pollution in concert with programs for managing water resources."

Section 401 of the CWA (33 U.S.C. § 1341) requires every applicant for a federal license or permit that may result in a discharge to navigable waters to provide the responsible federal agency with certification that the project will be in compliance with specified provisions of the Clean Water Act, including Water Quality Standards and Implementation Plans (CWA, § 303, 33 U.S.C. § 1313). CWA section 401 directs the State agency responsible for certification to prescribe effluent limitations and other limitations necessary to ensure compliance with the CWA and with any other appropriate requirement of State law. Section 401 further provides that State certification conditions shall become conditions of any federal license or permit for the project.

The State Water Board is the lead agency responsible for water quality certification in California (Wat. Code, § 13160) and has delegated this function to the Executive Director by regulation (Cal. Code Regs., tit., 23, § 3838, subd. (a)).

The California Regional Water Quality Control Boards (RWQCB) have adopted, and the State Water Board has approved, Water Quality Control Plans (Basin Plans) for each watershed basin, in accordance with provisions of section 303 of the CWA, related to the establishment of water quality standards and planning (33 U.S.C. § 1313). Basin Plans identify beneficial uses of the waters within each defined Region.

The RWQCB, Central Valley Region, adopted its Water Quality Control Plan for the Sacramento and San Joaquin River Basins (4<sup>th</sup> Edition) on September 15, 1998; the Basin Plan has now been revised with approved amendments through February 2007. The Basin Plan identifies the beneficial uses of the North Fork Feather River and its undesignated tributaries including Grizzly Creek, as: Municipal and Domestic Supply (MUN), Hydropower Generation (POW), Water Contact Recreation (REC 1), Non-contact Recreation (REC 2), Cold Freshwater Habitat (COLD), Coldwater Spawning (SPWN), and Wildlife Habitat (WILD).

Protection of the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of waters of the state for instream beneficial uses identified in the Basin Plans requires maintenance of adequate stream flows as well as effluent limitations and other limitation on discharges of pollutants from point and nonpoint sources to navigable waters and their tributaries.

### California Environmental Quality Act Compliance

The State Water Board is lead agency for the Grizzly Forebay Dam project under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The State Water Board has prepared a Notice of Exemption for the project. The project is exempt based on a CEQA Categorical Class 1 Exemption (CEQA Guidelines §15301(b) and (d)), operation, repair, maintenance of existing facilities of investor-owned utilities used to provide electrical power, and restoration or rehabilitation of deteriorated structures, facilities to meet current standards. Biological studies have recently been conducted within the affected area to assess instream flow needs, water guality parameters, condition of fisheries, benthic macroinvertebrates, amphibian species, presence or absence of sensitive terrestrial species, and other ecological and recreation attributes. A compilation and disclosure document for these environmental studies, Summary Report and Environmental Mitigation Plans (PG&E, April 29, 2005), may be viewed as FERC electronic library posting 20050510-0012, at http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/elibrary.asp. Environmental studies conducted by PG&E under the oversight of the PNF found no special status aquatic species in the Grizzly Forebay and Grizzly Creek areas. Surveys and general observations identify an active and seasonally occupied Bald Eagle (Haliaetus leucocephalus) nest approximately one-half mile from the proposed project. Records indicate that breeding activity at this nest site typically begins in late February through March with young fledging by early July. The project is expected to have no effect on any listed species that may occur within the project area. Further, no historic or cultural resources will be impacted by the projects.

In addition to the Bucks Project biological reports and assessment, the State Water Board has considered the information included in the Stream Alteration Agreement issued by the Department of Fish and Game (1600-2006-0487-R2), the Bucks Creek Hydroelectric Project Bald Eagle Management Plan (FERC posting 20060303-0059) and related watershed information for the North Fork Feather River. Further, the State Water Board has considered the current Basin Plan for the Sacramento and San Joaquin River Basins, the existing water quality conditions of the subject streams, and project-related controllable factors.

ACCORDINGLY, BASED ON ITS INDEPENDENT REVIEW OF THE RECORD, THE STATE WATER BOARD CERTIFIES THAT THE PROJECT FOR GRIZZLY FOREBAY DAM VALVE RETROFIT AS PART OF THE BUCKS CREEK PROJECT OPERATED BY PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY will comply with sections 301, 302, 303, 306, and 307 of the Clean Water Act, and with applicable provisions of State law, if the Licensee complies with the following terms and conditions during construction of the project certified herein.

 This certification is subject to modification or revocation upon administrative or judicial review including review and amendment pursuant to Water Code section 13330 and title 23 of the California Code of Regulations (commencing with § 3867).

- 2. The State Water Board may add to or modify the conditions of this certification, as appropriate, to implement any new or revised water quality standards and implementation plans adopted or approved pursuant to the Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act or section 303 of the Clean Water Act.
- 3. Notwithstanding any more specific conditions in this certification, the project shall be operated in a manner consistent with all water quality standards and implementation plans adopted or approved pursuant to the Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act or section 303 of the Clean Water Act.
- 4. In the event of any violation or threatened violation of the conditions of this certification, the violation or threatened violation shall be subject to any remedies, penalties, process or sanctions as provided for under any State or federal law. For the purposes of section 401(d) of the Clean Water Act, the applicability of any State law authorizing remedies, penalties, process, or sanctions for the violation or threatened violation constitutes a limitation necessary to assure compliance with the water quality standards and other pertinent requirements incorporated into this certification. In response to a suspected violation of any condition of this certification, the State Water Board may require the holder of any federal permit or license subject to this certification to furnish, under penalty of perjury, any technical or monitoring reports the State Water Board deems appropriate, provided that the burden, including costs of the reports shall bear a reasonable relationship to the need for the reports and the benefits to be obtained from the reports. In response to any violation of this certification, the State Water Board may add to or modify the conditions of this certification as appropriate to ensure compliance.
- 5. Grizzly Forebay Dam shall be operated in a manner that provides a continuous minimum flow release of six cubic feet per second or greater to Grizzly Creek, as measured at the dam, to maintain the native aquatic species in good condition.
- 6. This certification does not authorize any act that will result in the taking of a threatened or endangered species, or any act which is now prohibited or becomes prohibited in the future under either the California Endangered Species Act (DFG Code § 2050 to 2097) or the federal Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. § 1531 to 1544). If a "take" will result from any act authorized under this certification or water rights held by the Licensee, the Licensee shall obtain authorization for the take prior to any construction or operation of the project. The Licensee shall be responsible for meeting all requirements of the applicable Endangered Species Act for the project authorized under this certification.
- 7. Equipment staging and project construction shall not commence until Bald Eagle nesting and fledging activity in the Grizzly Forebay area has been completed for the season. Breeding success, nestling occupancy, and fledging date(s) shall be documented and notification made to the Department of Fish and Game and State Water Board, prior to commencement of work.

- 8. In order to protect the beneficial uses for the North Fork Feather River and its undesignated tributaries, as defined in the Water Quality Control Plan for the Sacramento River and San Joaquin River Basins, the construction and operation of the project shall not add the following substances to surface waters:
  - Biostimulatory substances which promote aquatic growths in concentrations that cause nuisance or adversely affect beneficial uses;
  - Taste or odor-producing substances that impart undesirable tastes to domestic and municipal water supplies or odors to fish flesh or other edible products of aquatic origin or to cause nuisance or adversely affect beneficial uses;
  - Materials that have potential to alter pH of the surface waters such that it may be depressed below 6.5 or raised above 8.5;
  - Perceptible floating material including, but not limited to, solids, liquids, foams or scums which could result in degradation of water quality;
  - Suspended or settleable material in concentrations that cause a nuisance or adversely affect beneficial uses;
  - Oil, greases, waxes or other materials in concentrations that result in a visible film or coating on the surface of the water or on objects in the water;
  - Toxic pollutants in the water column, sediments, or biota in concentrations that adversely affect beneficial uses; that produce detrimental response in human, plant, animal or aquatic life; or that bioaccumulate in aquatic resources at levels which are harmful to human health; and,
  - Coliform organisms attributable to human wastes.
- 9. Fresh concrete or grout that has not set shall not be allowed to contact or enter surface water.
- 10. Any imported rock placed in the river or along the interface between river and riparian zone shall be washed rock.
- 11. All equipment using gas, oil, hydraulic fluid or other petroleum products shall be steam cleaned prior to its use in the river channel. All equipment shall be inspected for leaks prior to use in the river and shall be monitored for leakage. Equipment refueling shall only take place in a designated, contained area. Equipment and ancillary fueling materials shall be returned to containment areas above high water line at the close of each workday.

- 12. Spill and containment equipment (oil spill booms, sorbent pads, etc.) shall be maintained on-site and all construction and operator staff shall be appropriately trained and skilled in appropriate use practices.
- 13. PG&E shall conduct a short-term water quality monitoring program in Grizzly Creek to evaluate conditions, at a minimum, once within 48 hours prior to the initiation of activity, twice weekly throughout the period of construction, and once within 72 hours following completion of construction activity. Monitoring shall, at a minimum, provide data on pH, dissolved oxygen concentrations, turbidity, and total suspended solids levels. Water quality parameters shall be evaluated using grab samples collected within the flowing water column, or using a correctly calibrated probe(s), at a point 30 to 50 yards downstream of the construction site. During construction, samples shall be collected at least twice weekly, at mid-afternoon while work activities are underway. In the event of spill or suspected incident, water quality samples shall be collected within six hours of knowledge of the incident, and every 12 hours thereafter until pre-project parameters have been restored.
- 14. Activities associated with the project shall not cause increases to water temperature of Grizzly Creek. PG&E shall, using continuous temperature recording devices, collect hourly water temperature data at two locations including: a) a station 30 to 50 yards downstream of the construction site, and b) a station approximately one-half mile downstream of Grizzly Forebay Dam, sited to avoid direct influence from tributary contributions.
- 15. The Streambed Alteration Agreement permit issued March 28, 2007, by the Department of Fish and Game, Region 2 (DFG) shall be incorporated by reference into this water quality certification. PG&E shall comply with terms of the DFG permit. In the event of conflict between terms of that permit and this water quality certification, the conditions of this certification shall control.
- 16. In order to show compliance with permit conditions set forth by the Department of Fish and Game and the State Water Board, PG&E will submit a Project Completion Report to the Chief of the Division of Water Rights within three months of completing the project. The report shall contain but not be limited to the following:
  - A summary of all construction activities performed;
  - Any issues related to protective measures set forth in the Project permits;
  - Photographs of the constructed physical features at Grizzly Forebay Dam;
  - Results of streamflow release record and short-term water quality monitoring of the reach below the construction activities at Grizzly Forebay Dam. Water quality monitoring shall include but not be limited to turbidity, total suspended solids, pH, dissolved oxygen, and water temperature; and

- A copy of the Project Completion Report shall be provided to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, the RWQCB and the Department of Fish and Game.
- 17. No construction material, spoils, debris, or any other substances associated with this project that may adversely impact water quality standards, shall be located in a manner that may result in a discharge or a threatened discharge to waters of the United States.
- 18. This certification action is not intended and shall not be construed to apply to an application for a FERC license or an amendment to a FERC license unless the pertinent certification application was filed pursuant to 23 CCR Subsection 3855(b) and the application specifically identified that a FERC license or amendment to a FERC license for a hydroelectric facility was being sought.
- 19. Any modifications of the proposed project may require submittal of a new Clean Water Act Section 401 Water Quality Certification application.

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Dorothy Rice () Executive Director

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