## LATE COMMENT

## commentletters

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject: Attachments: Heckman, Deleo@DOT Wednesday, May 06, 2015 10:01 AM Patel, Shuhani@BOF commentletters RE: Drought Update, inadvertent text error? draft25percent\_conservation\_regs20150428.DSH.20150506.01.pdf



I suspect the word "supplier" is inadvertently and erroneously shown in strikeout in the last sentence of 23 CCR § 865(c)(2), and shown in yellow highlight on the fourth page of the attached.

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From: Patel, Shuhani@BOF Sent: Wednesday, May 06, 2015 9:03 AM Subject: FW: Drought Update

Work continues on the implementation of Prop 1 – the Water Bond, please remember to check the <u>Bond Accountability</u> website frequently for updates or sign up for the <u>Prop 1 Listserv</u>. New items have been added recently to the "featured links" column, including a new <u>Prop 1 Contact Sheet</u> for each of the bond programs.

The State Water Resources Control Board has posted the proposed <u>emergency water conservation</u> regulation package on their website. The State Board will take testimony and public comment and plans to take final action on these regulations at their meeting this week. <u>More Information</u>

On May 4, the United States Department of Agriculture announced \$235 million available for innovative new conservation partnerships. Local coalitions can now apply for funding to improve soil health, preserve clean water, combat drought and protect wildlife habitat. <u>Press Release</u>

On May 1, the State Water Resources Control Board announced that junior water-right holders in the Sacramento River watershed and Delta are receiving curtailment notices. The notices advise the recipients to stop diversions of water and allow it to flow to more senior water-right holders, as required by state law. <u>Press Release</u>

On April 30, the California Department of Fish and Wildlife announced awards for its first \$21 million in grants for greenhouse gas reduction projects. The grants are CDFW's first distribution of funds from California's cap-and-trade program for combating climate change, and represent a further step toward addressing climate change impacts on the state's biodiversity. <u>Press Release</u>

## **PROPOSED TEXT OF EMERGENCY REGULATION**

## Article 22.5. Drought Emergency Water Conservation.

Sec. 863. Findings of Drought Emergency.

(a) The State Water Resources Control Board finds as follows:

(1) On January 17, 2014, the Governor issued a proclamation of a state of emergency under the California Emergency Services Act based on drought conditions;

(2) On April 25, 2014, the Governor issued a proclamation of a continued state of emergency under the California Emergency Services Act based on continued drought conditions;

(3) On April 1, 2015, the Governor issued an Executive Order that, in part, directs the State Board to impose restrictions on water suppliers to achieve a statewide 25 percent reduction in potable urban usage through February 28, 2016; require commercial, industrial, and institutional users to implement water efficiency measures; prohibit irrigation with potable water of ornamental turf in public street medians; and prohibit irrigation with potable water outside newly constructed homes and buildings that is not delivered by drip or microspray systems;

(34) The drought conditions that formed the basis of the Governor's emergency proclamations continue to exist;

(45) The present year is critically dry and has been immediately preceded by two or more consecutive below normal, dry, or critically dry years; and

(56) The drought conditions will likely continue for the foreseeable future and additional action by both the State Water Resources Control Board and local water suppliers will likely be necessary to prevent waste and unreasonable use of water and to further promote conservation.

Authority: Section 1058.5, Water Code.

References: <u>Cal. Const., Art., X § 2;</u> Sections 102, 104, and 105, and 275, Water Code; <u>Light v. State Water Resources Control Board (2014) 226 Cal.App.4th 1463</u>.

Sec. 864. End-User Requirements in Promotion of Water Conservation.

(a) To prevent the waste and unreasonable use of water and to promote water conservation, each of the following actions is prohibited, except where necessary to address an immediate health and safety need or to comply with a term or condition in a permit issued by a state or federal agency:

(1) The application of potable water to outdoor landscapes in a manner that causes runoff such that water flows onto adjacent property, non-irrigated areas, private and public walkways, roadways, parking lots, or structures;

(2) The use of a hose that dispenses potable water to wash a motor vehicle, except where the hose is fitted with a shut-off nozzle or device attached to it that causes it to cease dispensing water immediately when not in use;

(3) The application of potable water to driveways and sidewalks; and

(4) The use of potable water in a fountain or other decorative water feature, except where the water is part of a recirculating system;

(5) The application of potable water to outdoor landscapes during and within 48 hours after measurable rainfall; <del>and</del>

(6) The serving of drinking water other than upon request in eating or drinking establishments, including but not limited to restaurants, hotels, cafes, cafeterias, bars, or other public places where food or drink are served and/or purchased-<u>;</u>

(7) The irrigation with potable water of ornamental turf on public street medians; and

(8) The irrigation with potable water of landscapes outside of newly constructed homes and buildings that is not delivered by drip or microspray systems in a manner inconsistent with regulations or other requirements established by the California Building Standards Commission.

(b) To promote water conservation, operators of hotels and motels shall provide guests with the option of choosing not to have towels and linens laundered daily. The hotel or motel shall prominently display notice of this option in each guestroom using clear and easily understood language.

(c) Immediately upon this subdivision taking effect, all commercial, industrial and institutional properties that use a water supply any portion of which is from a source other than not served by a water supplier meeting the requirements of Water Code section 10617 or section 350-subject to section 865shall either:

(1) Limit outdoor irrigation of ornamental landscapes or turf with potable water to no more than two days per week; or

(2) Reduce potable water usage by 25 percent for the months of June 2015 through February 2016 as compared to the amount used for the same months in 2013.

(ed) The taking of any action prohibited in subdivision (a) or the failure to take any action required in subdivisions (b) or (c), in addition to any other applicable civil or criminal penalties, is an infraction, punishable by a fine of up to five hundred dollars (\$500) for each day in which the violation occurs. The fine for the infraction is in addition to, and does not supersede or limit, any other remedies, civil or criminal.

Authority: Section 1058.5, Water Code.

References: <u>Cal. Const., Art., X § 2;</u> Sections 102, 104<u>, and 105, 275, 350, and 10617</u>, Water Code<u>; *Light v. State Water Resources Control Board* (2014) 226 Cal.App.4th 1463.</u>

Sec. 865. Mandatory Actions by Water Suppliers.

- (a) <u>As used in this section:</u>
  - (1) <u>"Distributor of a public water supply" has the same meaning as under</u> section 350 of the Water Code.
  - (2) <u>"R-GPCD" means residential gallons per capita per day.</u>
  - (3) <u>"Total potable water production" means all potable water that enters</u> into a water supplier's distribution system, excluding water placed into storage and not withdrawn for use during the reporting period, or water exported outsider the supplier's service area.

(4) The term "<u>uUrban</u> water supplier," when used in this section, refers tomeans a supplier that meets the definition set forth in Water Code

section 10617, except it does not refer to suppliers when they are functioning solely in a wholesale capacity, but does apply to suppliers when they are functioning in a retail capacity.

(b)(1) To promote water conservation, each urban water supplier shall implement all requirements and actions of the stage of its water shortage contingency plan that imposes includes mandatory restrictions on the number of days that outdoor irrigation of ornamental landscapes or turf with potable water is allowed, or shall amend its water shortage contingency plan to include mandatory restrictions on the number of days that outdoor irrigation of ornamental landscapes or turf with potable water is allowed and implement these restrictions within forty-five (45) days. Urban water suppliers with approved alternate plans as described in subdivision (b)(2) are exempted from this requirement.

(2) An urban water supplier may submit a request to the Executive Director for approval of an alternate plan that includes allocation based rate structures that satisfies the requirements of chapter 3.4 (commencing with section 370) of division 1 of the Water Code, and the Executive Director may approve such an alternate plan upon determining that the rate structure, in conjunction with other measures, achieves a level of conservation that would be superior to that achieved by implementing limitations on outdoor irrigation of ornamental landscapes or turf with potable water by the persons it serves to no more than two days per week.

(c) To promote water conservation, each urban water supplier that does not have a water shortage contingency plan that restricts the number of days that outdoor irrigation of ornamental landscapes and turf with potable water is allowed, or has been notified by the Department of Water Resources that its water shortage contingency plan does not meet the requirements of Water Code section 10632 shall, within forty-five (45) days, limit outdoor irrigation of ornamental landscapes or turf with potable water by the persons it serves to no more than two days per week.

(<u>db</u>) In furtherance of the promotion of water conservation each urban water supplier shall:

(1) Provide prompt notice to a customer whenever the supplier obtains information that indicates that a leak may exist within the end-user's exclusive control.

(2) Prepare and submit to the State Water Resources Control Board by the 15<sup>th</sup> of each month a monitoring report on forms provided by the Board. The monitoring report shall include the amount of potable water the urban water supplier produced, including water provided by a wholesaler, in the preceding calendar month and shall compare that amount to the amount produced in the same calendar month in 2013. The monitoring report shall specify the population served by the urban water supplier, the percentage of water produced that is used for the residential sector, descriptive statistics on water conservation compliance and enforcement efforts, and the number of days that outdoor irrigation is allowed, and monthly commercial sector use, monthly-industrial sector use, and monthly-institutional sector use. The monitoring report shall also estimate the gallons of water per person per day used by the residential customers it serves.

(c)(1) To prevent the waste and unreasonable use of water and to meet the requirements of the Governor's April 1, 2015 Executive Order, each urban water supplier shall reduce its total potable water production by the percentage identified as its

conservation standard in this subdivision. Each urban water supplier's conservation standard considers its service area's relative per capita water usage.

(2) Each urban water supplier whose source of supply does not include groundwater or water imported from outside the hydrologic region in which the water supplier is located, and that received average annual precipitation in has a minimum of four years' reserved supply available may, notwithstanding its average July-September 2014 R-GPCD, submit forto the Executive Director for approval a request that, in lieu of the reduction that would otherwise be required under paragraphs (3) through (10), the urban water supplier shall to-reduce its total potable water usageproduction by 4 percent for each month as compared to the amount used in the same month in 2013. Any such request shall be accompanied by information showing that the supplier's sources of supply do not include groundwater or water imported from outside the hydrologic region and that the supplier's service area received average annual precipitation in 2014supplier has a minimum of four years' reserved supply available.

(3) Each urban water supplier whose average July-September 2014 R-GPCD was less than 65 shall reduce its total potable water usageproduction by 8 percent for each month as compared to the amount used in the same month in 2013.

(4) Each urban water supplier whose average July-September 2014 R-GPCD was between 65 or more but less than 80and 79.9 shall reduce its total potable water usageproduction by 12 percent for each month as compared to the amount used in the same month in 2013.

(5) Each urban water supplier whose average July-September 2014 R-GPCD was between 80 or more but less than 95and 94.9 shall reduce its total potable water usageproduction by 16 percent for each month as compared to the amount used in the same month in 2013.

(6) Each urban water supplier whose average July-September 2014 R-GPCD was between 95 or more but less than 110and 109.9 shall reduce its total potable water usageproduction by 20 percent for each month as compared to the amount used in the same month in 2013.

(7) Each urban water supplier whose average July-September 2014 R-GPCD was between 110 or more but less than 130and 129.9 shall reduce its total potable water usageproduction by 24 percent for each month as compared to the amount used in the same month in 2013.

(8) Each urban water supplier whose average July-September 2014 R-GPCD was between 130 or more but less than 170and 169.9 shall reduce its total potable water usageproduction by 28 percent for each month as compared to the amount used in the same month in 2013.

(9) Each urban water supplier whose average July-September 2014 R-GPCD was between 170 or more but less than 215and 214.9 shall reduce its total potable water usageproduction by 32 percent for each month as compared to the amount used in the same month in 2013.

(10) Each urban water supplier whose average July-September 2014 R-GPCD was greater than 215 or more shall reduce its total potable water usageproduction by 36 percent for each month as compared to the amount used in the same month in 2013.

(d)(1) Beginning June 1, 2015, each urban water supplier shall comply with the conservation standard specified in subdivision (c).

(2) Compliance with the requirements of this subdivision shall be measured monthly and assessed on a cumulative basis.

(e) Each urban water supplier that <u>servesprovides</u> 20 percent or more of its total potable water production for commercial agricultural use meeting the definition of Government Code section 51201, subdivision (ab) may subtract the amount of water supplied for commercial agricultural use from its potable water production total, provided that the supplier complies with the Agricultural Water Management Plan requirement of paragraph 12 of the April 1, 2015 Executive Order. Each urban water supplier that serves 20 percent or more of its total potable water production for commercial agricultural use meeting the definition of Government Code section 51201, subdivision (ab) shall certify that the agricultural uses it serves meet the definition of Government Code section 51201, subdivision (ab), and shall report its total potable water production pursuant to subdivision (b)(2), identifying the total amount of water supplied for commercial agricultural use.

(ef)(1) To prevent waste and unreasonable use of water and to promote water conservation, each distributor of a public water supply, as defined in Water Code section 350, that is not an urban water supplier shall, within forty-five (45) days, take one or more of the following actions:

 $(\underline{A})$  Limit outdoor irrigation of ornamental landscapes or turf with potable water by the persons it serves to no more than two days per week; or

 $(2\underline{B})$  Implement another mandatory conservation measure or measures intended to achieve a 2025 percent reduction in <u>potable</u> water consumption by the persons it serves relative to the amount consumed in 2013.

(2) Each distributor of a public water supply, as defined in Water Code section 350, that is not an urban water supplier shall submit a report by December 15, 2015, on a form provided by the Board, that includes:either confirms compliance with subdivision (f)(1)(A) or identifies  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

(A)-total potable water production, by month, from June through November, 2015, and total potable water production, by month, for June through November 2013; or

(B) Confirmation that the distributor limited outdoor irrigation of ornamental landscapes or turf with potable water by the persons it serves to no more than two days per week.

Authority: Section 1058.5, Water Code.

References: <u>Cal. Const., Art., X § 2;</u> Sections 102, 104, 105, <u>275,</u> 350, <u>1846,</u> 10617 and 10632, Water Code; <u>Light v. State Water Resources Control Board</u> (2014) 226 <u>Cal.App.4th 1463</u>.

Sec. 866. Additional Conservation Tools.

(a)(1) To prevent the waste and unreasonable use of water and to promote conservation, when a water supplier does not meet its conservation standard required by section 865 the Executive Director, or <u>histhe Executive Director's</u> designee, may issue conservation orders requiring additional actions by the supplier to come into compliance with its conservation standard. (2) <u>All conservation orders</u> A decision or order issued under this article by the board or an officer or employee of the board shall be subject to reconsideration under article 2 (commencing with section 1122) of chapter 4 of part 1 of division 2 of the California Water Code.

(b) The Executive Director, or his designee, may issue an informational order requiring water suppliers, or commercial, industrial or institutional properties that receive any portion of their supply from a source other thannot served by a water supplier meeting the requirements of Water Code section 10617 or section 350subject to section 865, to submit additional information relating to water production, water use or water conservation beyond that required to be reported pursuant to the other provisions of this article. The failure to provide the information requested within 30 days or any additional time extension granted is a violation subject to civil liability of up to \$500 per day for each day the violation continues pursuant to Water Code section 1846.

Authority: Section 1058.5, Water Code.

<u>References:</u> Cal. Const., Art., X § 2; Sections 100, 102, 104, 105, 174, 186, 187, 275, 350, 1051, 1122, 1123, 1825, 1846, 10617 and 10632, Water Code; *Light v. State Water Resources Control Board* (2014) 226 Cal.App.4th 1463.