

DISSOLVED OXYGEN TMDL

San Joaquin River Group Authority

What is the Pollutant?

Dissolved Oxygen is not a Pollutant. It may be a byproduct of pollutants, but it is not in itself a pollutant.

(40 CFR Part 130, section 130.2)

What is the Pollutant then?

There are many theories, but no answers in the Staff Report. The Staff Report also misses one main contributor – animal waste.

(Staff Report, p30; USGS 2004.)

What is the baseline loading capacity?

“Baseline loading capacity” is the greatest amount of matter that is introduced into a receiving water without violating water quality standards. Nowhere does the loading capacity appear in the report.

(Staff Report, p9, 40.)

What loads are allocated?

NONE!

Further analysis and study are required.

(Staff Report, p41.)

Then turn to the limiting factor as the assimilative capacity of the DWSC.
The problem is the Channel design.

(Staff Report, p10.)

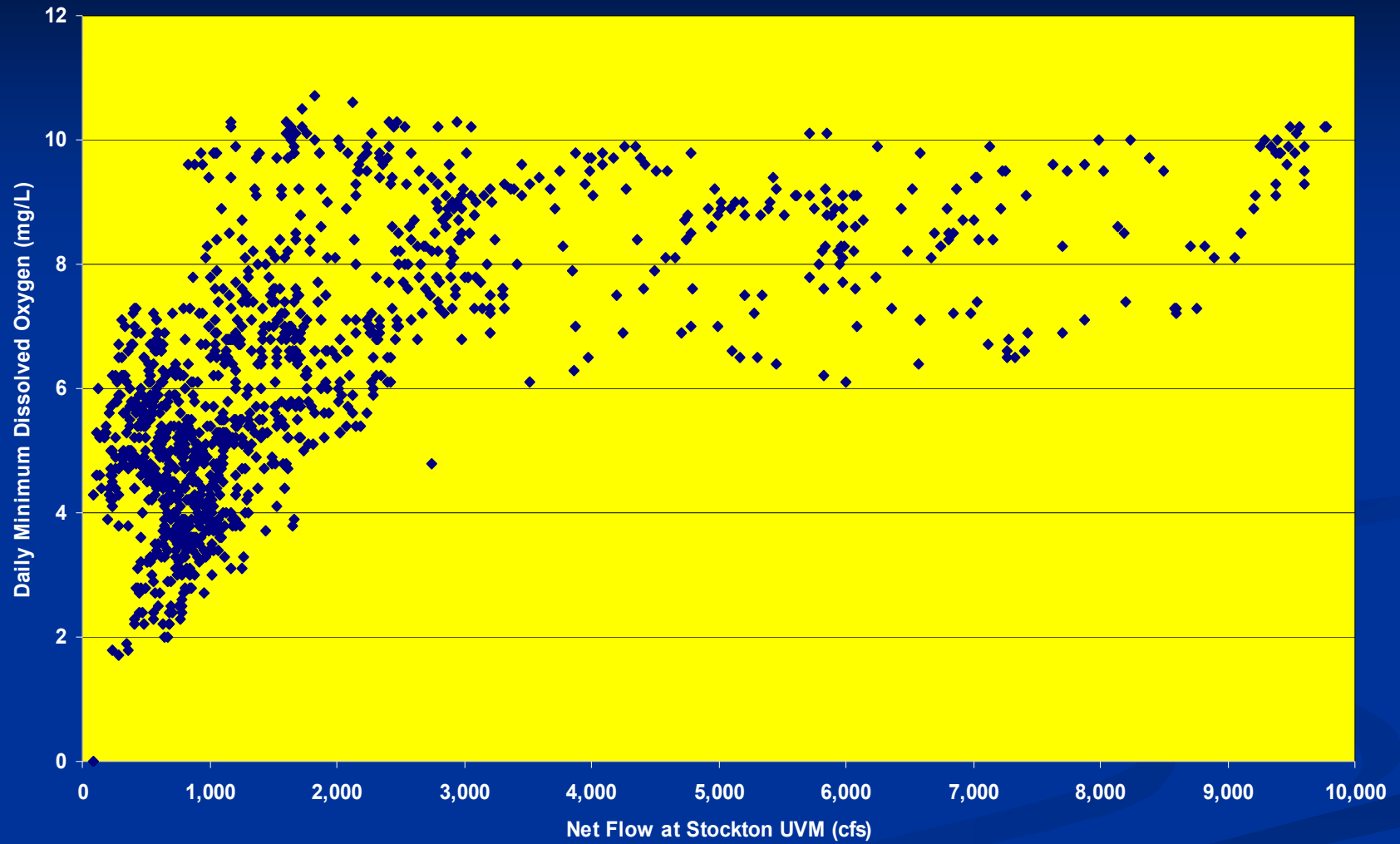
“These conditions occur most often during the months of June through October, although severe conditions have occurred in the winter months as well.

The frequency and severity of violations are generally worse during dryer water years.”

(DO TMDL, p18-19.)

Even having found the DWSC assimilative capacity to be the limiting factor, they still cannot determine the limiting volume of matter that may be introduced from upstream sources that diminish this assimilative capacity.

Dissolved Oxygen Concentration versus Flow



MONTHLY DISSOLVED OXYGEN AND FLOW DATA (1996-2000)

Month	Objective	Average Minimum DO (mg/L)	Compliance	Violations	Percent Compliance	Average Magnitude	Average Net Flow (cfs)
Jan	5.0	6.92	Yes	12	89	1.92	1,451
Feb	5.0	8.16	Yes	6	89	3.16	4,919
Mar	5.0	9.23	Yes	0	100	4.23	4,187
Apr	5.0	8.82	Yes	0	100	3.82	4,405
May	5.0	8.25	Yes	0	100	3.25	4,056
Jun	5.0	6.02	Yes	17	81	1.02	1,566
Jul	5.0	4.63	No	92	27	-0.37	1,771
Aug	5.0	4.49	No	85	42	-0.51	1,136
Sept	6.0	4.92	No	104	29	-1.08	1,264
Oct	6.0	5.59	No	46	41	-0.41	1,660
Nov	6.0	6.10	Yes	36	53	0.10	786
Dec	5.0	6.55	Yes	26	77	1.55	881

Data Points = 1168
Total Days of Violations = 424
Total Days of Compliance = 744

Frequency of Compliance = 43%
Average Magnitude of Violation = 0.59

Stockton Deep Water Ship Channel Dissolved Oxygen Objective Violations and Magnitude of Compliance



“Between 1979 and 1992, the measured runoff in the basin as measured at Vernalis was 2.4 maf lower than the mean annual unimpaired discharge of 6.1 maf. The difference is due to consumptive use...”

(DO TMDL, p32.)

UNIMPAIRED VERSUS MEASURED FLOW

	Flow (TAF)	Difference (TAF)
July		
Unimpaired Flow	6,220	
USGS Flow	2,769	-3,451
August		
Unimpaired Flow	1,905	
USGS Flow	1,976	71
September		
Unimpaired Flow	1,064	
USGS Flow	2,367	1,303
October		
Unimpaired Flow	1,315	
USGS Flow	2,974	1,659
Total		-418

$418 \text{ TAF} / 14 \text{ Years} = 29.86 \text{ MAF per Year}$

$29.86 \text{ TAF per Year} / 122 \text{ Days} = 245 \text{ AF per Day}$

The difference at Vernalis is 122 cfs.

“Based on the San Joaquin River flow data at Vernalis, the fifteen year moving average of annual discharge in the late 1990’s was approximately 800,000 acre feet lower than in the late 1940’s.”

(DO TMDL, p32.)

FLOW BEFORE THE PROJECTS AND TODAY

	Month	Flow (TAF)	TAFAs	Change
1935-1949	July	3,351	223	
1985-1999	July	2,678	179	-45
1935-1949	August	1,158	77	
1985-1999	August	1,864	124	+47
1935-1949	September	1,275	85	
1985-1999	September	1,964	131	+46
1935-1949	October	1,674	112	
1985-1999	October	2,763	184	+73

SAN JOAQUIN RIVER INDEX YEAR TYPES

YEAR TYPE	1935-1949	1985-1999
Wet	5	6
Above Normal	5	1
Below Normal	3	0
Dry	2	1
Critical	0	7

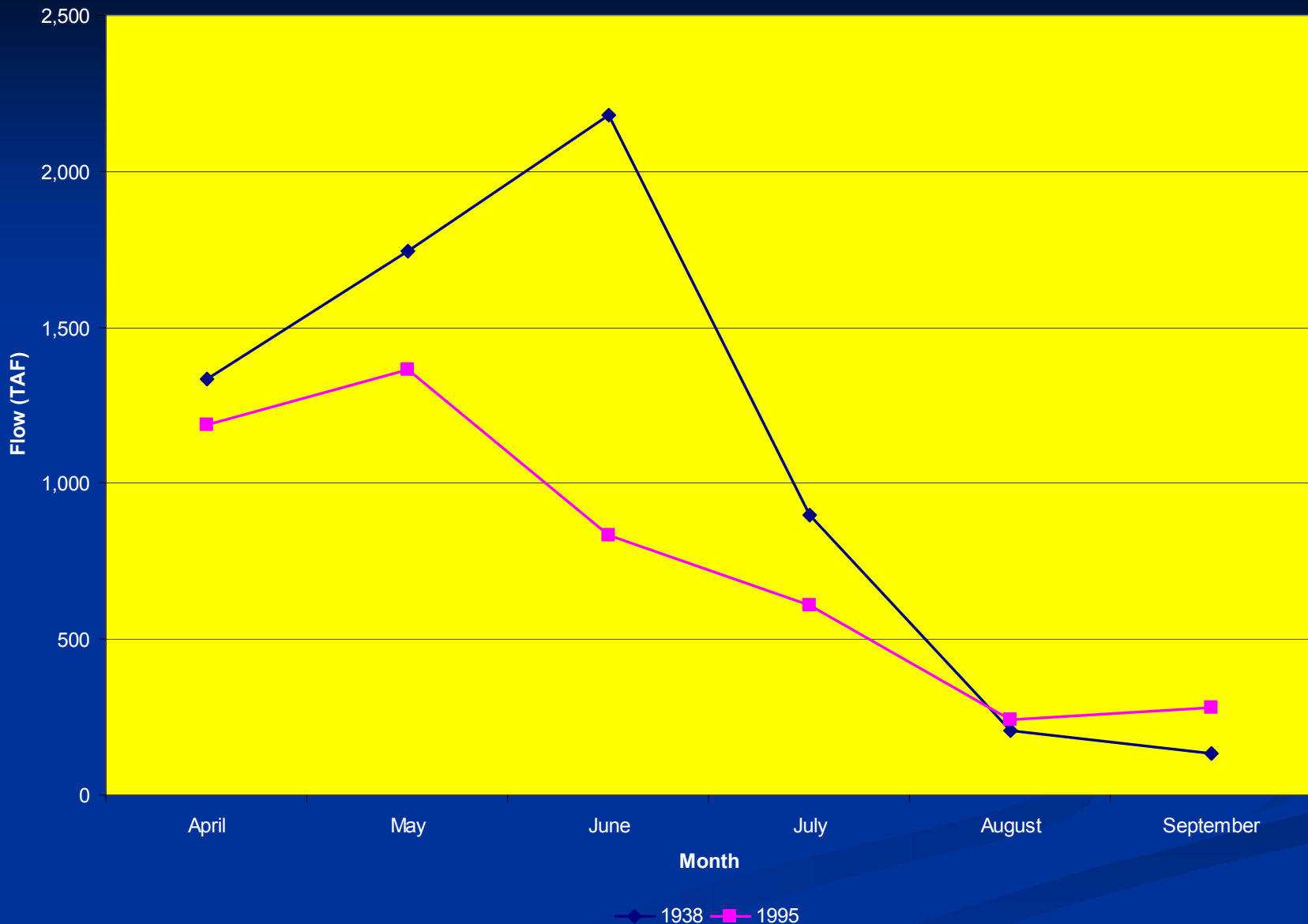
“Almost all of this reduction in annual watershed discharge occurred during the months of April through August.”

(DO TMDL, p32.)

Comparison of Wet Years: Today and Pre-Project



Comparison of Wet Years: Today and Pre-Project



Comparison of Dry Years: Today and Pre-Project



“Another study found the San Joaquin River flows at Vernalis reduced by 44-56 percent from pre-1944 levels between the months of April through September.”

(DO TMDL, p32.)

**EFFECTS OF THE CVP UPON THE SOUTHERN DELTA WATER SUPPLY SACRAMENTO-SAN JOAQUIN RIVER
DELTA, CALIFORNIA (USBR, JUNE, 1980)**

Table V-21

SUMMARY OF RUNOFF REDUCTIONS OF SAN JOAQUIN RIVER AT VERNALIS FROM PRE-CVP TO POST-CVP

Year Type and Period	Effect of All Post Post-CVP Upstream Development on Runoff at Vernalis		Effect of CVP on Runoff at Vernalis		
	Reduction in Runoff (TAF) ¹	Post-1947 Reduction as Percent of Pre-1944 Actual Runoff	Reduction in Runoff (TAF)	Reduction at Vernalis as Percent of Pre- 1944 Flow	Reduction at Vernalis as Percent of Post-1947 Flow
DRY					
April-Sept	206-417	49-67 ²	6-7	1.4-1.6	3.0-3.6
Full Year	294-519	24-44	93-138	8-12	10-14
BELOW NORMAL					
April-Sept	1064-1177	60-68 ²	306-428	22-24 ²	55-61
Full Year	1219	44 ²	543	-20 ²	35
ABOVE NORMAL					
April-Sept	1406-1732	47-57	440-704	14-23	40-64
Full Year	1400-1721	28-34	768-1076	15-21	25-36
WET					
April-Sept	1002-1760	19-32	554-965	10-18	15-26
Full Year	1168-2916	13-32	771-2014	9-22	12-31
AVERAGE OF ALL YEARS³					
April-Sept	920-1272	44-56	347-526	12-17	28-39
Full Year	1020-1594	28-39	544-943	13-19	21-29

¹ Range of estimates by all methods of analysis. See Tables V-2 through V-17.

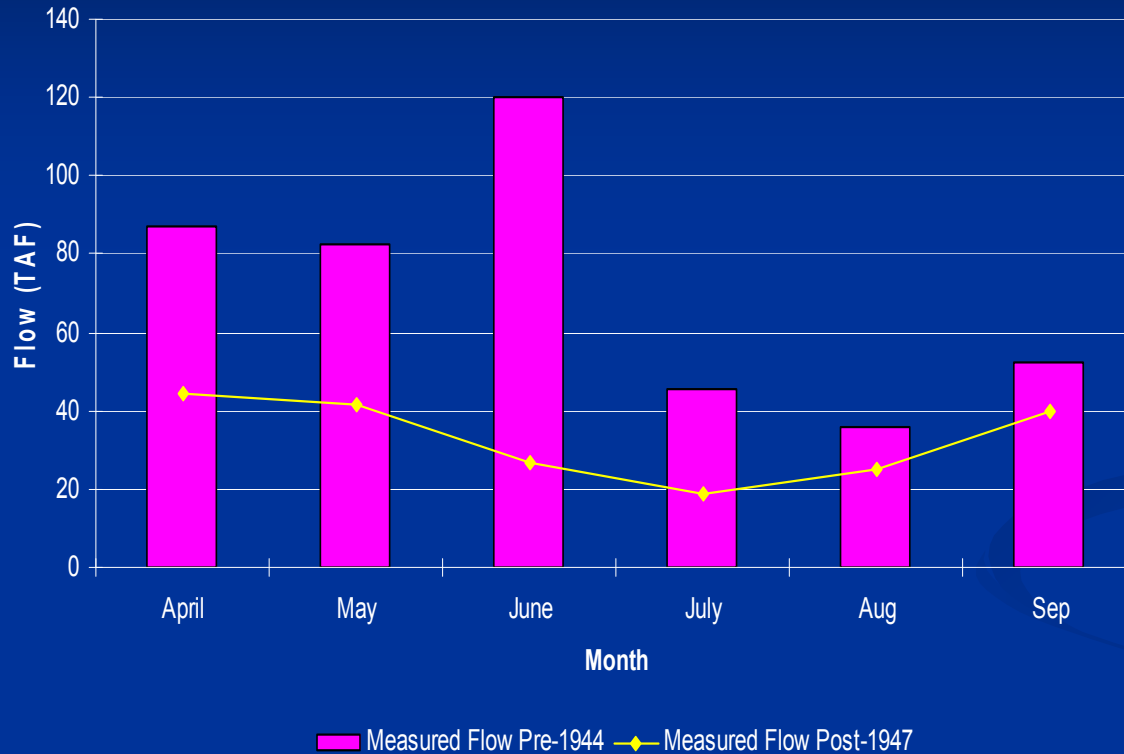
² Pre-CVP "actual" is assumed to be post-1947 actual plus pre-1944 to post-1947 loss.

³ Assumes that each year class occupies one-quarter of period.

	April	May	June	July	August	September
1944 Actual	137	235	201	77	67	71
1944 Unimpaired	509	144	820	314	61	20
Total	-372	91	-619	-237	+6	+51

	April	May	June	July	August	September
1933 Actual	68	85	316	68	41	68
1933 Unimpaired	538	788	1227	247	54	27
Total	-470	-703	-911	-179	-13	+41

Flow at Vernalis (April-September, Dry Years)



1980 Report Methodology

Annual Dry-Year Reduction

162 TAF

April-September Dry-year Reduction

35 TAF/Mo 213 TAF

July-October Dry-year Reduction

9 TAF/Mo 56 TAF

Pre-44 Years: 1930, 31, 33, 34, 39

Post-47 Years: 1959, 60, 61, 64, 68

“A final scenario was examined in which conditions at Vernalis were restored to natural flow, i.e., flow that would have occurred without any diversion, storage, or water transfers upstream of Vernalis. As illustrated by the seasonal distributions for the simulation period, October 1983 through April 2003, flow management typically causes a decrease in flow during March-July and an increase during September-October. With the barrier at the head of Old River in place, i.e., net discharge into the Ship Channel set equal to discharge at Vernalis, the restoration of full natural flow offers little additional benefit for dissolved oxygen conditions. Although the frequency of intermediate-sized deficits decreases, the frequency of small deficits actually increases. The proportion of months completely free of deficits changes a negligible amount.”

(“Low Dissolved Oxygen in an Estuarine Channel (SJR: California) Mechanisms and Model Based on Long-Term Time Series”, p24.)

“Ironically, change in upstream storage-and-release pattern from years before construction of the Central Valley Project appear to be approximately neutral with respect to hypoxic conditions. Discharge at Vernalis is generally lower than unimpaired runoff, or full natural flow, in the San Joaquin River during spring and early summer, and higher during late summer and autumn.”

(Id.)

“It may seem that management of river discharge offers an effective tool, immediately at hand, for addressing the hypoxia problem, one that could produce effects with only weak management conditions.”

(Id.)

“It dilutes non-point pollution, i.e., loading.”

(Id., p30.)

“Move water through the channel, i.e., causing less residence time.” (Id.)

UNIMPAIRED RUNOFF AT VERNALIS (cfs, sorted by Year Type) - DWR

YEAR	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	Year Type	YEAR	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	Year Type	YEAR	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	Year Type
1983	34,976	11,886	4,387	6,927	W	1936	6,114	1,333	370	602	AN	1933	4,016	878	454	488	D
1969	19,187	4,146	1,210	618	W	1984	5,610	1,756	739	4,276	AN	1981	1,561	748	555	894	D
1995	33,897	8,339	2,084	1,208	W	1979	4,098	1,382	639	1,268	AN	1985	1,545	699	756	1,268	D
1938	16,764	4,000	1,479	455	W	1945	8,797	1,951	622	488	AN	2002	1,779	484	289	340	D
1998	31,557	5,462	2,796	686	W	1999	4,855	1,553	1,065	1,419	AN	1926	1,285	358	218	829	D
1982	15,496	4,748	5,815	1,041	W	1963	9,431	2,114	941	878	AN	1955	2,878	618	218	276	D
1967	26,276	5,106	1,950	455	W	1927	7,480	1,577	639	293	AN	1959	1,333	358	2,017	650	D
1952	15,057	3,561	1,143	569	W	1935	5,707	1,480	487	537	AN	1968	1,398	699	387	878	D
1958	11,854	3,577	1,261	732	W	1923	8,049	1,659	1,160	585	AN	2004	1,950	637	319	304	D
1980	17,398	3,724	1,412	1,203	W	1973	4,000	1,350	504	797	AN	1939	1,350	569	689	2,016	D
1978	16,992	4,488	5,092	146	W	1932	9,203	1,854	605	195	AN	2001	1,233	339	300	914	D
1922	10,602	2,098	739	390	W	2000	3,436	1,491	844	603	AN	1964	2,228	748	403	1,008	D
1956	12,455	2,780	1,092	260	W	1940	3,366	748	218	1,870	AN	1947	1,447	358	286	1,203	D
1942	12,455	2,179	588	764	W	1946	3,951	992	454	2,634	AN	1972	1,724	488	1,176	407	D
1941	12,569	2,537	723	504	W	1970	4,309	1,285	538	1,837	AN	1994	1,377	795	484	934	C
1986	7,772	2,260	1,361	1,106	W	1951	3,837	894	286	911	AN	1930	2,520	569	269	179	C
1993	11,707	3,106	1,395	504	W	1962	6,976	1,350	471	309	BN	1929	2,488	488	134	211	C
1997	3,874	1,909	899	560	W	1953	7,854	1,106	420	618	BN	1989	1,756	553	605	341	C
1996	6,659	1,641	620	936	W	1957	4,081	927	420	1,073	BN	1991	3,756	862	471	228	C
1943	7,187	1,724	487	472	W	1925	5,837	1,659	487	585	BN	1987	976	553	286	1,024	C
1937	5,496	1,138	353	423	W	1971	5,821	1,398	622	455	BN	1960	1,252	390	235	569	C
1974	6,374	2,016	706	911	W	1950	3,512	650	319	325	BN	1976	1,008	959	1,042	2,862	C
1975	7,398	1,642	992	748	W	2003	3,235	1,458	625	191	BN	1992	2,667	715	353	732	C
1965	11,252	4,927	1,328	455	W	1944	5,106	992	336	569	BN	1990	1,821	407	185	1,772	C
						1954	2,618	472	235	423	BN	1988	1,707	683	319	569	C
						1948	4,667	748	336	1,415	BN	1934	911	358	303	195	C
						1928	1,626	455	202	894	BN	1924	618	179	118	1,350	C
						1949	2,130	650	353	407	BN	1961	927	732	319	244	C
						1966	1,545	683	420	634	BN	1931	585	244	151	504	C
												1977	650	260	168	634	C

MEASURED FLOW AT VERNALIS – USGS (TAF, sorted by Year Type)

YEAR	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	Type	YEAR	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	Type	YEAR	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	Type
1983	19,224	9,033	11,311	8,178	W	1936	3,047	1,121	1,281	2,033	AN	1933	1,113	666	1,150	1,671	D
1969	5,802	2,324	3,255	1,384	W	1984	1,904	2,179	2,918	13,314	AN	1981	1,265	1,269	1,181	4,071	D
1995	9,879	3,924	4,735	1,369	W	1979	1,333	1,451	1,841	3,327	AN	1985	2,557	2,600	1,925	3,813	D
1938	14,607	3,359	2,225	1,898	W	1945	3,880	1,779	2,031	1,648	AN	2002	1,273	1,150	1,161	1,886	D
1998	13,190	5,441	5,758	2,705	W	1999	2,094	1,969	2,037	6,152	AN	1955	416	431	610	1,042	D
1982	6,162	4,016	6,130	1,386	W	1963	1,821	1,095	1,515	1,453	AN	1959	312	402	786	2,835	D
1967	10,448	2,020	2,029	1,101	W	1935	2,698	994	1,350	849	AN	1968	503	768	938	2,725	D
1952	3,497	1,355	1,620	1,784	W	1973	1,082	1,067	1,471	1,991	AN	2004	1,146	1,136	1,125	1,927	D
1958	4,091	1,535	2,243	2,055	W	1932	5,792	1,164	1,067	477	AN	1939	756	715	1,034	2,665	D
1980	3,383	1,969	3,802	2,790	W	2000	1,898	2,171	2,330	2,531	AN	2001	1,401	1,338	1,374	2,806	D
1978	1,907	1,418	2,731	246	W	1940	1,994	1,186	1,688	1,484	AN	1964	383	440	900	2,677	D
1956	3,482	1,902	1,885	799	W	1946	1,465	1,224	1,483	2,758	AN	1947	527	569	1,074	1,814	D
1942	7,775	1,684	1,916	2,198	W	1970	1,330	1,044	1,319	4,461	AN	1972	481	543	1,563	2,252	D
1941	9,141	2,094	1,686	1,603	W	1951	870	759	1,035	1,324	AN	1994	1,135	867	869	3,040	C
1986	2,893	3,183	4,181	2,072	W	1962	856	694	993	410	BN	1930	1,237	919	1,433	1,407	C
1993	1,509	1,998	2,771	849	W	1953	1,604	747	1,093	1,865	BN	1989	1,284	1,169	1,353	1,126	C
1997	1,756	1,875	2,069	2,690	W	1957	875	753	1,149	1,998	BN	1991	594	537	574	993	C
1996	2,209	2,033	2,164	5,691	W	1971	1,066	892	1,097	1,466	BN	1987	1,632	1,626	1,597	3,741	C
1943	2,208	1,542	1,689	2,236	W	1950	687	621	946	1,267	BN	1960	222	267	385	876	C
1937	3,260	1,129	1,396	1,889	W	2003	1,481	1,431	1,383	1,563	BN	1976	671	1,055	1,067	4,542	C
1974	1,636	1,615	2,846	2,546	W	1944	1,245	1,091	1,199	2,108	BN	1992	447	483	635	788	C
1975	1,718	1,680	2,653	3,496	W	1954	542	546	754	1,629	BN	1990	1,010	1,033	876	1,402	C
1965	1,973	1,220	1,678	1,411	W	1948	1,328	725	1,088	1,314	BN	1988	1,357	1,557	1,452	1,369	C
						1949	562	602	715	1,548	BN	1934	395	383	501	1,533	C
						1966	440	500	725	2,944	BN	1924	420	420	417	2,591	C
												1961	104	151	321	712	C
												1931	233	228	320	1,668	C
												1977	93	124	179	1,273	C