CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 401 WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION AND ORDER

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Effective Date: April 25, 2016

Program Type: Fill/Excavation

Project Type: Overhead Utility

Project: Santa Barbara County Reliability Project (Project)

Applicant: Southern California Edison

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I. Order

This Clean Water Act (CWA) section 401 Water Quality Certification action and Order(Order) is issued at the request of Southern California Edison (hereinafter Permittee) for the Project. This Order is for the purpose described in the application and supplemental information submitted by the Permittee. The application was received on May 11, 2015. The application was deemed complete on June 9, 2015.

State Water Board staff requested additional information necessary to supplement the contents of the complete application and the Permittee responded to the request for supplemental information on the following dates (Table 1).

Table 1: Record of Supplemental Application Information

Date of Request for Supplemental Information	Date all requested information was received.
June 9, 2015	January 12, 2016

II. Public Notice

The State Water Board provided public notice of the application pursuant to California Code of Regulations, title 23, section 3858 from June 9, 2015 to June 29, 2015. The State Water Board did not receive any comments during the comment period.

III. Project Purpose

The purpose of the Project is to ensure the availability of safe and reliable electrical service and to help meet customer electrical demand during emergency conditions. Existing subtransmission facilities do not have adequate capacity to serve the expected peak demand of electricity. In order to minimize the potential for prolonged customer outages, the Permittee determined that reconductoring was needed to increase the capacity of two of the three existing 66 kV subtransmission tie-lines that connect the Santa Clara 66 kV Subtransmission System and the Goleta 66 kV Subtransmission System.

IV. Project Description

The Project includes the removal and/or replacement of existing 66 kV subtransmission structure facilities within the existing utility rights-of-way between the existing Santa Clara Substation in Ventura County and the existing Carpinteria Substation in Santa Barbara County. Project activities also include the installation of marker balls on overhead wires, modification of subtransmission and substation equipment within existing substations, replacement of line protection relays, installation of telecommunications facilities to connect the Project to the Permittee's existing telecommunications system, the transfer of distribution lines to new subtransmission structures, and the removal of subtransmission infrastructure, such as tower foundation footings, decommissioned during previous 66 kV reconstruction activities between 1999 and 2004.

In order to achieve the overall Project objectives the Permittee may impact waters of the state through such activities as access road improvements and/or road widening at stream crossings. Road improvements at some crossings would include the installation of gabion wall dissipaters to address risks of head cutting from slope, volume of flow, anticipated velocity, existing degraded conditions, with the potential to degrade rapidly due to erosion. In addition,

a culvert will be installed at one crossing with a corrugated metal pipe of a diameter sufficient to accommodate anticipated flows.

V. Project Location

The Project is located in northwest Ventura County and southeast Santa Barbara County between the City of San Buenaventura and the City of Carpinteria. The Project ranges from one to six miles inland of the coastline and is generally located within the cities or municipalities of Saticoy, Ventura, Pitas Point, White Ledge Peak, and Carpinteria. The Project has been divided into seven geographically defined segments (Segments 1, 2, 3A, 3B, 4, 5 and Getty Tap). Segments 1, 2, 3B and 4 are those that will have impacts on waters of the state. A map showing the Project location is located in Attachment A of this Order.

VI. Project Impact and Receiving Waters Information

The Project is located within the jurisdiction of Central Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board and the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board (collectively Regional Water Boards). Receiving waters and groundwater potentially impacted by this Project are protected in accordance with the applicable water quality control plans (Basin Plan) for the regions and other plans and policies which may be accessed online at: http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/plans_policies/. The Basin Plans include water quality standards which consist of existing and potential beneficial uses of waters of the state,[1] water quality objectives to protect those uses, and the state and federal antidegradation policies.

It is the policy of the State of California that every human being has the right to safe, clean, affordable, and accessible water adequate for human consumption, cooking, and sanitary purposes. This Order promotes that policy by requiring discharges to meet maximum contaminant levels designed to protect human health and ensure that water is safe for domestic use.

Project impact and receiving waters information can be found in Attachment B. Table 1 of Attachment B shows the receiving waters and beneficial uses of waters of the state impacted by the Project. Individual impact location and quantity acreage is shown in Table 2 of Attachment B.

VII. Description of Direct Impacts to Waters of the State

This Order authorizes direct permanent and temporary impacts to waters of the state caused by the Project.

Total Project fill/excavation quantities for all impacts are summarized in Table 2. Permanent impacts are categorized as those resulting in a physical loss in area and also those degrading ecological condition only.

[1] "Waters of the state" means any surface water or groundwater, including saline waters, within the boundaries of the state. [Wat. Code, § 13050, subd. (e)].

Table 2: Total Project Fill/Excavation Quantity									
Aquatic Resource Type	Temporary Impact[2]			Permanent Impact					
				Physical Loss of Area			Degradation of Ecological Condition Only		
	Acres	CY[3]	LF	Acres	CY	LF	Acres	CY	LF
Lake									
Ocean/bay/ estuary									
Riparian Zone	0.78	151	1593	0.153	209	420	0	0	0
Stream Channel	0.085	10	842	0.013	42	197	0	0	0
Vernal Pool									
Wetland									

VIII. Avoidance and Minimization

The Permittee would avoid and minimize impacts to waters of the state as much as practicable by placing structures outside of waters when feasible. In addition, the proposed road improvements, including the installation of gabion walls, a new culvert, and McCarthy drains could have an overall long-term benefit to waters by reducing the amount of erosion and sedimentation at the proposed impact sites.

IX. Mitigation

The Permittee has proposed mitigation described in section XIII (H) for temporary impacts.

The Permittee has proposed compensatory mitigation, described in section XIII (I) for direct permanent impacts.

X. California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)

On July 29, 2015, the State of California Public Utilities Commission, as lead agency, certified an environmental impact report (EIR) (State Clearinghouse (SCH) No. 2013041070) for the Project and filed a Notice of Determination (NOD) at the SCH on November 10, 2015. Pursuant to CEQA, the State Water Board has made Findings of Facts (Findings) which support the issuance of this Order and are included in Attachment C.

XI. Petitions for Reconsideration

Any person aggrieved by this action of the State Water Board may petition the State Water Board to reconsider this Order in accordance with California Code of Regulations, title 23, section 3867. A petition for reconsideration must be submitted in writing and received within thirty (30) calendar days of the issuance of this Order.

XII. Fees Received

An application fee of $600 was received on April 21, 2015. The fee amount was determined as required by California Code of Regulations, title 23, sections 3833(b)(3) and 2200(a)(3), and was calculated as category A - Fill & Excavation Discharges with the dredge and fill fee

[2] Includes only temporary direct impacts to waters of the state and does not include upland areas of temporary disturbance which could result in a discharge to waters of the state.

[3] Cubic Yards (CY); Linear Feet (LF)

calculator. An additional fee of $14,142.00 based on total Project impacts was received on February 3, 2016.

XIII. Conditions

The State Water Board has independently reviewed the record of the Project to analyze impacts to water quality and designated beneficial uses within the watersheds of the Project. In accordance with this Order, the Permittee may proceed with the Project under the following terms and conditions:

A. Reporting and Notification Requirements

See Attachment F for reporting and notification details, including requirements for photo and map documentation during the Project. Written reports and notifications must be submitted using the Reporting and Notification Cover Sheet located in Attachment F, which must be signed by the Permittee or an authorized representative.

1. **Annual Reporting:** The Permittee shall submit an Annual Report each year on the anniversary of the effective date of this Order. Annual reporting shall continue until a Notice of Project Complete Letter is issued to the Permittee.

2. **Project Status Notifications**

   a. **Commencement of Construction:** The Permittee shall submit a Commencement of Construction Report at least seven (7) days prior to start of initial ground disturbance activities.

   b. **Request for Notice of Completion of Discharges Letter:** The Permittee shall submit a Request for Notice of Completion of Discharges Letter following completion of active Project construction activities, including any required restoration and permittee-responsible mitigation. This request shall be submitted to the State Water Board staff within ninety (90) days following completion of all Project construction activities. Upon approval of the request, State Water Board staff shall issue a Notice of Completion of Discharges Letter to the Permittee which will end the active discharge period and associated annual fees.

   c. **Request for Notice of Project Complete Letter:** The Permittee shall submit a Request for Notice of Project Complete Letter when construction and/or any post-construction monitoring is complete,[4] and no further Project activities will occur. This request shall be submitted to State Water Board staff within ninety (90) days following completion of all Project activities. Upon approval of the request, the State Water Board staff shall issue a Notice of Project Complete Letter to the Permittee which will end the post discharge monitoring period and associated annual fees.

3. **Conditional Notifications and Reports:** The following notifications and reports are required as appropriate.

[4] Completion of post-construction monitoring shall be determined by State Water Board staff and shall be contingent on successful attainment of restoration and mitigation performance criteria.

a. Accidental Discharges of Hazardous Materials[5]

Following an accidental discharge of a reportable quantity of a hazardous material, sewage, or an unknown material, the following applies (Wat. Code, § 13271):

i. As soon as (A) Permittee has knowledge of the discharge or noncompliance, (B) notification is possible, and (C) notification can be provided without substantially impeding cleanup or other emergency measures then:
- first call – 911 (to notify local response agency)
- then call – Office of Emergency Services (OES) State Warning Center at: (800) 852 - 7550 or (916) 845 – 8911
- Lastly follow the required OES procedures as set forth in: http://www.caloes.ca.gov/FireRescueSite/Documents/CalOES-Spill_Booklet_Feb2014_FINAL_BW_Acc.pdf

ii. Following notification to OES, the Permittee shall notify State Water Board, as soon as practicable, ideally within 24 hours. Notification may be via telephone, e-mail, delivered written notice, or other verifiable means.

iii. Within five (5) business days of notification to the State Water Board, the Permittee must submit an Accidental Discharge of Hazardous Material Report.

b. Notification of Noncompliance with Water Quality Standards: The Permittee shall notify the State Water Board of any event causing a potential noncompliance with water quality standards. Notification may be via telephone, e-mail, delivered written notice, or other verifiable means.

i. Examples of noncompliance events include: lack of storm water treatment following a rain event, discharges causing a visible plume in a water of the state, and water contact with uncured concrete.

ii. This notification must be followed within five (5) business days by submission of a Noncompliance with Water Quality Standards Report.

c. In-Water Work

i. The Permittee shall notify the State Water Board at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to initiating work in water or stream diversions. Notification may be via telephone, e-mail, delivered written notice, or other verifiable means.

ii. Within ten (10) business days following completion of work in water or stream diversions, an In-Water Work/Diversions Water Quality Monitoring Report must be submitted to State Water Board staff.

[5] "Hazardous material" means any material that, because of its quantity, concentration, or physical or chemical characteristics, poses a significant present or potential hazard to human health and safety or to the environment if released into the workplace or the environment. "Hazardous materials" include, but are not limited to, hazardous substances, hazardous waste, and any material that a handler or the administering agency has a reasonable basis for believing that it would be injurious to the health and safety of persons or harmful to the environment if released into the workplace or the environment. (Health & Saf. Code, § 25501.)

d. Modifications to Project
The Permittee shall give advance notice to State Water Board staff if Project implementation as described in the application materials is altered in any way or by the imposition of subsequent permit conditions by any local, state or federal regulatory authority by submitting a Modifications to Project Report. The Permittee shall inform State Water Board staff of any Project modifications that will interfere with the Permittee's compliance with this Order. Notification may be made in accordance with conditions in the certification deviation section of this Order.

B. Water Quality Monitoring

1. **General:** If surface water is present during active ground-disturbing activities within waters, continuous visual surface water monitoring shall be conducted to detect accidental discharge of construction related pollutants (e.g. oil and grease, turbidity plume, or uncured concrete).

2. **Accidental/Noncompliance Discharges:** Upon notification of an accidental discharge of hazardous materials or a potential violation of compliance with a water quality standard, State Water Board staff may require water quality monitoring based on the discharge constituent and applicable water quality objectives.

3. **In-Water Work or Diversions:** For projects involving planned work in water or stream diversions, a water quality monitoring plan shall be submitted to State Water Board staff for approval at least 30 days in advance of any discharge to the affected water body. Water quality monitoring shall be conducted in accordance with the approved plan.

C. Standard

1. This Order is subject to modification or revocation upon administrative or judicial review, including review and amendment pursuant to Water Code section 13330, and California Code of Regulations, title 23, division 3, chapter 28, Article 6 commencing with sections 3867-3869, inclusive. Additionally, the State Water Board reserves the right to suspend, cancel, or modify and reissue this Order, after providing notice to the Permittee, if the State Water Board determines that: the Project fails to comply with any of the conditions of this Order or when necessary to implement any new or revised water quality standards and implementation plans adopted or approved pursuant to the Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act (Wat. Code, § 13000 et seq.) or federal Clean Water Act section 303 (33 U.S.C. § 1313). For purposes of Clean Water Act section 401(d), this condition constitutes a limitation necessary to assure compliance with water quality standards and appropriate requirements of state law.

2. This Order is not intended and shall not be construed to apply to any activity involving a hydroelectric facility requiring a Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) license or an amendment to a FERC license, unless the pertinent certification application was filed pursuant to subsection 3855(b) of chapter 28, title 23 of the California Code of Regulations, and that application specifically identified that a FERC license or amendment to a FERC license for a hydroelectric facility was being sought.

3. This Order is conditioned upon total payment of any fee required under title 23 of the California Code of Regulations and owed by the Permittee.

4. In the event of any violation or threatened violation of the conditions of this Order, the violation or threatened violation shall be subject to any remedies, penalties, process, or sanctions as provided for under state and federal law. For purposes of Clean Water Act, section 401(d), the applicability of any state law authorizing remedies, penalties, processes, or sanctions for the violation or threatened violation constitutes a limitation necessary to assure compliance with the water quality standards and other pertinent requirements incorporated into this Order.

D. General Compliance

1. Failure to comply with any condition of this Order shall constitute a violation of the Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act and the Clean Water Act. The Permittee and/or discharger may then be subject to administrative and/or civil liability pursuant to Water Code section 13385.

2. Permitted actions must not cause a violation of any applicable water quality standards, including impairment of designated beneficial uses for receiving waters as adopted in the Basin Plans by any applicable Regional Water Board or any applicable State Water Board (collectively Water Boards) water quality control plan or policy. The source of any such discharge must be eliminated as soon as practicable.

3. In response to a suspected violation of any condition of this Order, the State Water Board may require the holder of this Order to furnish, under penalty of perjury, any technical or monitoring reports the Water Boards deem appropriate, provide that the burden, including costs, of the reports shall bear a reasonable relationship to the need for the reports and the benefits to be obtained from the reports. The additional monitoring requirements ensure that permitted discharges and activities comport with any applicable effluent limitations, water quality standards, and/or other appropriate requirement of state law.

4. The Permittee must, at all times, fully comply with engineering plans, specifications, and technical reports submitted to support this Order; and all subsequent submittals required as part of this Order. The conditions within this Order and Attachments supersede conflicting provisions within Permittee submittals.

5. This Order and all of its conditions contained herein continue to have full force and effect regardless of the expiration or revocation of any federal license or permit issued for the Project. For purposes of Clean Water Act section 401(d), this condition constitutes a limitation necessary to assure compliance with the water quality standards and other pertinent requirements of state law.

6. The Permittee shall adhere to all requirements in the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) (Mitigation Monitoring Plan, May 2015), which is incorporated herein by reference, and any additional measures as outlined in Attachment C, CEQA Findings of Fact.

E. Administrative

1. Signatory requirements for all document submittals required by this Order are presented in Attachment D of this Order.

2. This Order does not authorize any act which results in the taking of a threatened, endangered or candidate species or any act, which is now prohibited, or becomes

prohibited in the future, under either the California Endangered Species Act (Fish & G. Code, §§ 2050-2097) or the federal Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. §§ 1531-1544). If a "take" will result from any act authorized under this Order held by the Permittee, the Permittee must obtain authorization for the take prior to any construction or operation of the portion of the Project that may result in a take. The Permittee is responsible for meeting all requirements of the applicable endangered species act for the Project authorized under this Order.

3. The Permittee shall grant State Water Board staff, Central Coast and/or Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board staffs, or an authorized representative (including an authorized contractor acting as a Water Board representative), upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, permission to:

a. Enter upon the Project or compensatory mitigation site(s) premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records are kept.

b. Have access to and copy any records that are kept and are relevant to the Project or the requirements of this Order.

c. Inspect any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this Order.

d. Sample or monitor for the purposes of assuring Order compliance.

4. A copy of this Order shall be provided to any consultants, contractors, and subcontractors working on the Project. Copies of this Order shall remain at the Project site for the duration of this Order. The Permittee shall be responsible for work conducted by its consultants, contractors, and any subcontractors.

5. A copy of this Order must be available at the Project site(s) during construction for review by site personnel and agencies. All personnel performing work on the Project shall be familiar with the content of this Order and its posted location at the Project site.

6. Lake and Streambed Alteration Agreement – The Permittee shall submit a signed copy of the Department of Fish and Wildlife's lake and streambed alteration agreement to the State Water Board immediately upon execution and prior to any discharge to waters of the state.

F. Construction

Good Site Management "Housekeeping"

1. All construction related equipment, materials, and temporary best management practices no longer needed, shall be removed and cleaned from the site upon completion of the Project.

2. The Permittee shall not allow excavated materials to be stored in stream channels or crossings.

Invasive Species

3. The Permittee shall submit a Noxious and Invasive Weed Control Plan to Water Board staff prior to construction.

4. All equipment and vehicles that may have come into contact with invasive species shall be carefully cleaned before arriving on site and shall also be carefully cleaned before removal from the site.

G. Mitigation for Temporary Impacts

1. The Permittee shall restore all areas of temporary impacts to waters of the state, and all Project site upland areas of temporary disturbance which could result in a discharge to waters of the state, in accordance with the Hydrologic Features Mitigation and Monitoring Plan dated March 30, 2016 and incorporated herein by reference.

2. The State Water Board may extend the monitoring period beyond requirements of the restoration plan upon a determination by State Water Board staff that the performance standards have not been met or are not likely to be met within the monitoring period.

3. If implementation of the restoration plan for temporary impacts to waters of the state is not started within ninety (90) days of the completion of work at the impact site, additional mitigation may be required to offset temporal loss of waters of the state.

4. Total required Project mitigation information for temporary impacts to waters of the state is summarized in Table 3.

Table 3: Required Project Mitigation Quantity for Temporary Impacts[6]

Aquatic Resource Type	Mit. Type[7]	Units	Method[8]					
			Est.	Re-est.	Reh.	Enh.	Pres.	Unknown
Riparian Zone	PR	Acres			0.78			
Riparian Zone	MB	Acres			1.5			
Stream Channel	PR	Acres					1.4	
Stream Channel	PR	LF			842			

[6] For Staff use only: Record quantities in CIWQS table side B for mitigation for temporary impacts and for permanent degradation of ecological condition; ecological restoration/enhancement projects.

[7] Mitigation type for onsite restoration of temporary impacts is Permittee Responsible (PR). Mitigation type for temporal loss may be: In-Lieu-Fee (ILF); Mitigation Bank (MB); and/or Permittee-Responsible (PR).

[8] Methods: establishment (Est.), reestablishment (Re-est.), rehabilitation (Reh.), enhancement (Enh.), preservation (Pres.). Unknown applies to advance credits with an unknown method and or location.

H. Compensatory Mitigation for Permanent Impacts[9]

1. **Final Compensatory Mitigation Plan:** The Permittee shall provide compensatory mitigation for impacts to waters of the state in accordance with Hydrologic Features Mitigation and Monitoring Plan (Compensatory Mitigation Plan) dated March 30, 2016 and incorporated herein by reference. Any deviations from, or revisions to, the Hydrologic Features Mitigation and Monitoring Plan must be pre-approved by State Water Board staff. State Water Board staff may extend the monitoring period beyond requirements of the compensatory mitigation plan upon a determination that the performance standards have not been met or are not likely to be met during the monitoring period.

2. **Compensatory Mitigation Timing**

   A copy of the fully executed agreement for the purchase of mitigation credits shall be provided to the State Water Board within ninety (90) days of authorized impacts.

3. **Irrevocable Letter of Credit**
   - **a.** The Permittee shall establish in favor of the State Water Board, an irrevocable letter of credit in an amount sufficient to pay for the cost of the Permittee's required compensatory mitigation under this Order within ninety (90) days of issuance of this Order. The Permittee shall prepare a draft letter of credit and submit it to the State Water Board staff for written approval. The letter of credit shall allow the State Water Board to immediately draw on the letter of credit if the State Water Board staff determines in its sole discretion that the Permittee has failed to meet its mitigation obligations.
   - **b.** The Permittee shall finalize and execute the letter of credit within sixty (60) days after the State Water Board staff approves the draft letter of credit. The Permittee shall have an irrevocable letter of credit in place until the Permittee has completed the required compensatory mitigation.
   - **c.** If the Permittee has not completed the required compensatory mitigation within sixty (60) days prior to the letter of credit's expiration date, the Permittee shall obtain an extension or a new irrevocable letter of credit. The new letter of credit shall be subject to State Water Board staff approval following the same procedure described in the conditions above.
   - **d.** If the Permittee is unable to establish a letter of credit, it shall arrange a different security instrument with State Water Board staff.

4. **Compensatory Mitigation Responsibility**
   - **a. For credit purchases:** The Permittee shall retain responsibility for providing the compensatory mitigation and long-term management until State Water Board staff has received documentation of the credit purchase and the transfer agreement between the Permittee and the seller of credits.

[9] Compensatory Mitigation is for permanent physical loss and permanent ecological degradation of a water of the state.

5. Total Required Compensatory Mitigation

a. The Permittee is required to provide compensatory mitigation for the authorized impact to streams by purchasing preservation mitigation credits through the Santa Paula Mitigation Bank. Impacts to waters of the state are negligible; larger impacts are to the surrounding riparian zone; therefore, the State Water Board accepts the Permittee's proposal to purchase riparian mitigation credits to mitigate for permanent physical loss of area to streams as well as for impacts to the surrounding riparian zone.

b. Total required Project compensatory mitigation information is summarized in Table 4.

Table 4: Required Project Compensatory Mitigation Quantity for Permanent Physical Loss of Area[10]

Aquatic Resource Type	Comp Mit. Type[11]	Units	Method[12]					
			Est.	Re-est.	Reh.	Enh.	Pres.	Unknown
Riparian Zone	MB	Acres	0	0	0	0	0.85	0

I. Certification Deviation

1. Minor modifications of Project locations or predicted impacts may be necessary as a result of unforeseen field conditions, necessary engineering re-design, construction concerns, or similar reasons. Some of these prospective Project modifications may have impacts on water resources. Some modifications of Project locations or predicted impacts may qualify as Certification Deviations as set forth in Attachment E. For purposes of this Certification, a "Certification Deviation" is a Project location or impact modification that does not require an immediate amendment of the Order, because the State Water Board has determined that any potential water resource impacts that may result from the change are sufficiently addressed by the Order conditions and the CEQA Findings. After the termination of construction, this Order will be formally amended to reflect all authorized Certification Deviations and any resulting adjustments to the amount of water resource impacts and required compensatory mitigation amounts.

2. A Project modification shall not be granted a Certification Deviation if it warrants or necessitates changes that are not addressed by the Order conditions or the CEQA environmental document such that the Project impacts are not addressed in the Project's

[10] For Staff use only: Record quantities in CIWQS table side A for Compensatory Mitigation for Permanent Physical Loss of Area.

[11] Compensatory mitigation type may be: In-Lieu-Fee (ILF); Mitigation Bank (MB); Permittee-Responsible (PR)

[12] Methods: establishment (Est.), reestablishment (Re-est.), rehabilitation (Reh.), enhancement (Enh.), preservation (Pres.). Unknown applies to advance credits with an unknown method and or location.

environmental document or the conditions of this Order. In this case a supplemental environmental review and different Order will be required.

XIV. Water Quality Certification

I hereby issue the Order for the Santa Barbara Reliability Project, (SB15003IN) certifying that as long as all of the conditions listed in this Order are met, any discharge from the referenced Project will comply with the applicable provisions of Clean Water Act sections 301 (Effluent Limitations), 302 (Water Quality Related Effluent Limitations), 303 (Water Quality Standards and Implementation Plans), 306 (National Standards of Performance), and 307 (Toxic and Pretreatment Effluent Standards).

The State Water Board will file a Notice of Determination (NOD) at the SCH within five (5) working days of issuance of this Order. This discharge is also regulated pursuant to State Water Board Water Quality Order No. 2003-0017-DWQ which authorizes this Order to serve as Waste Discharge Requirements pursuant to the Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act (Wat. Code, § 13000 et seq.).

Except insofar as may be modified by any preceding conditions, all Order actions are contingent on: (a) the discharge being limited and all proposed mitigation being completed in strict compliance with the conditions of this Order and the attachments to this Order; and, (b) compliance with all applicable requirements of Statewide Water Quality Control Plans and Policies, the Regional Water Boards' Water Quality Control Plans and Policies.

Thomas Howard

Thomas Howard
Executive Director
State Water Resources Control Board

4/25/16
Date

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