

“WATER POLICY THROUGH A CARBON LENS”

Responding to Climate Change Impacts to California's Water Resources

August 23, 2007

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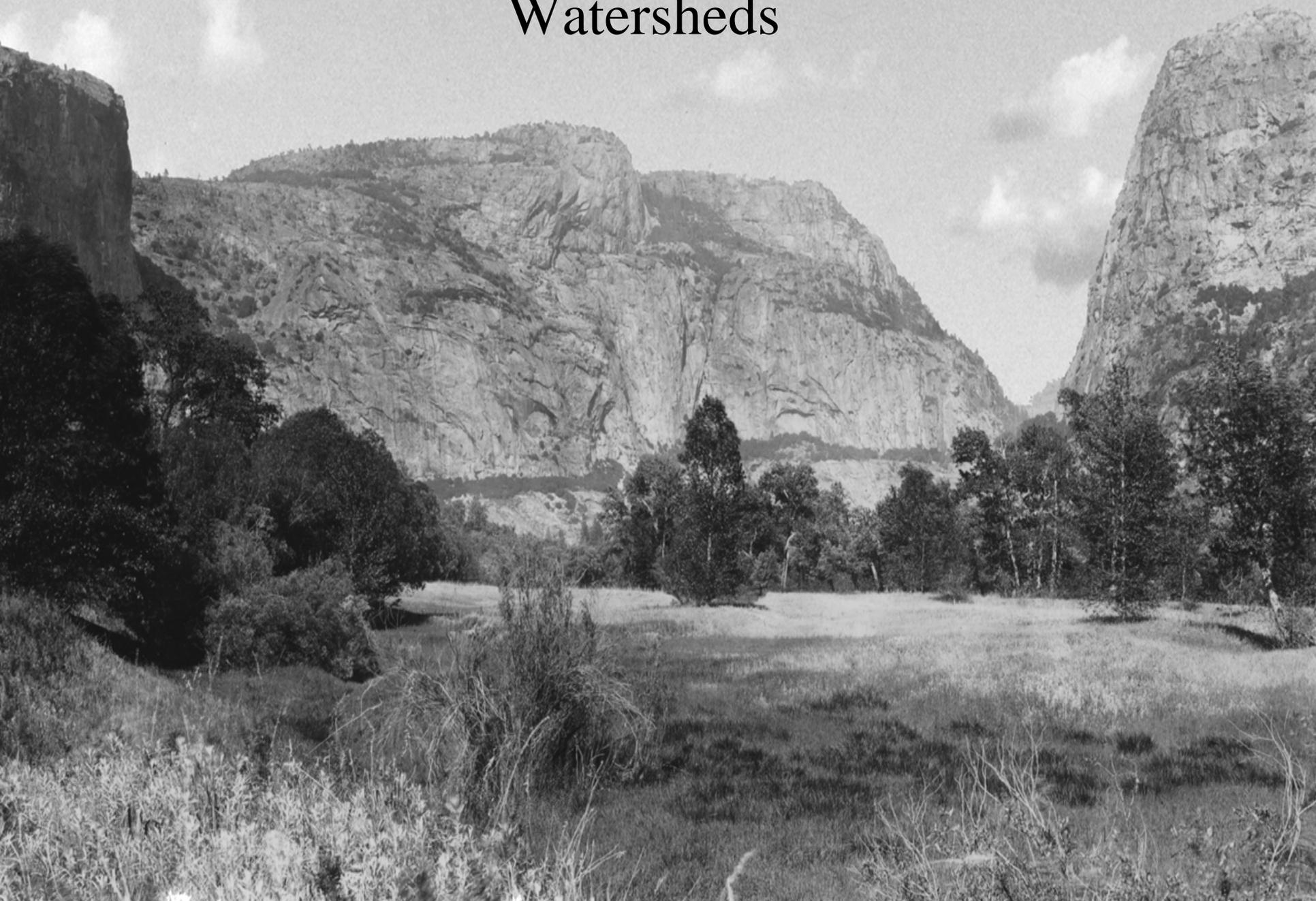


Climate Change Impacts on California's Water Resources

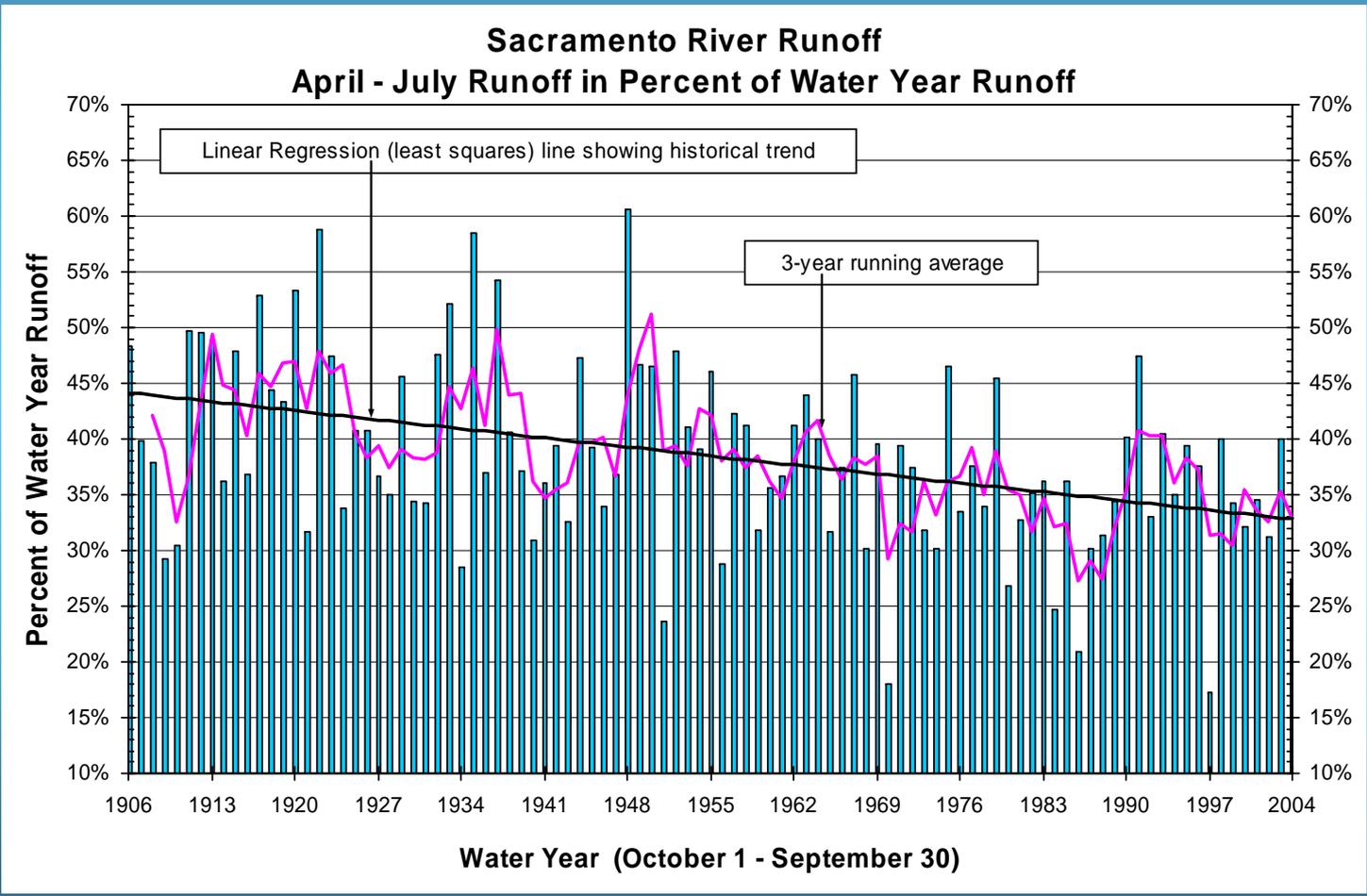


- **Reduced snowpack**
- **Earlier snowmelt results in increased flood control demand on reservoir space**
- **Higher water temperatures impacts ecosystem**
- **Sea level rise impacts the Delta, threatens levees and increases salinity**
- **Increased demand in all sectors**

Watersheds

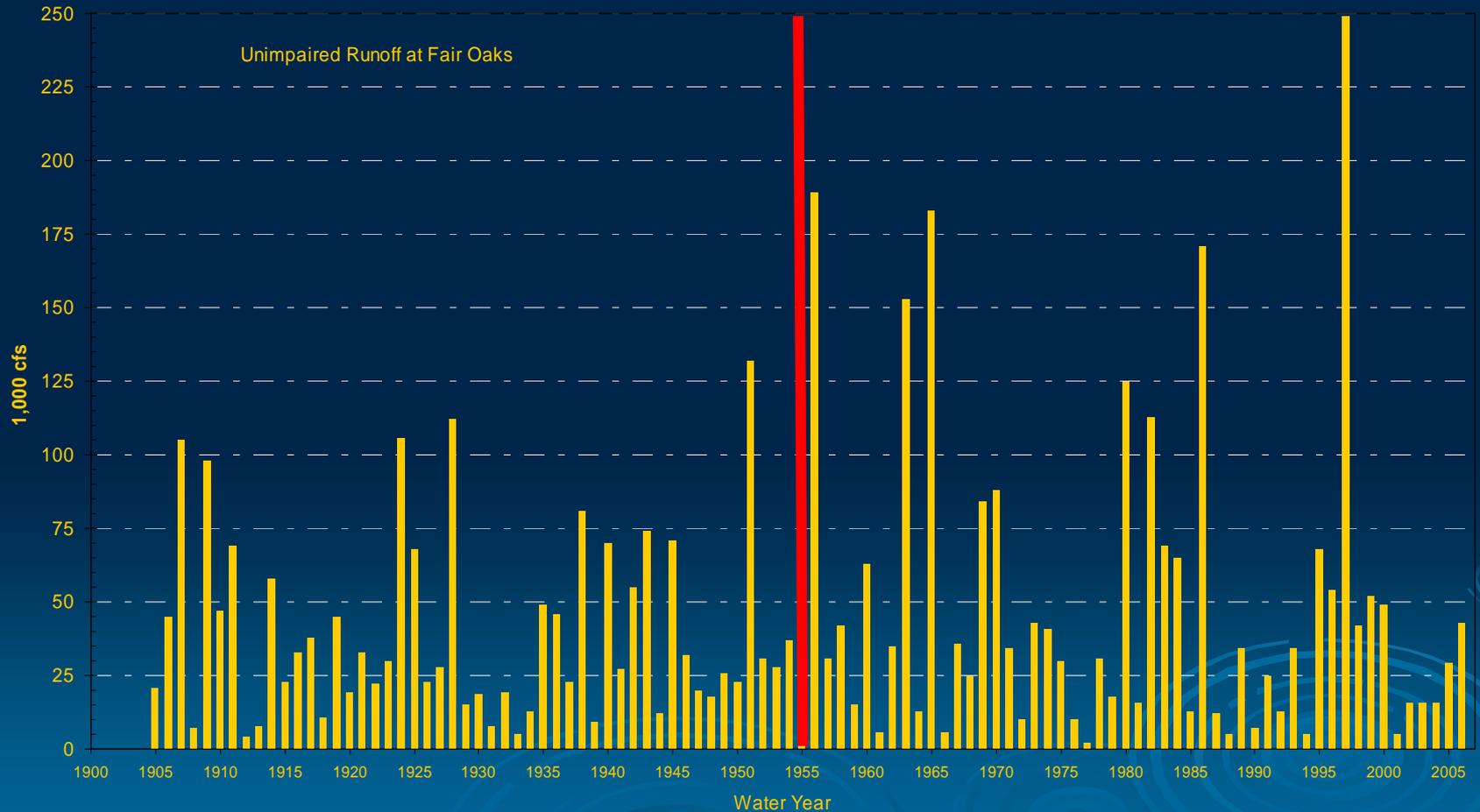


Changes in Runoff Timing



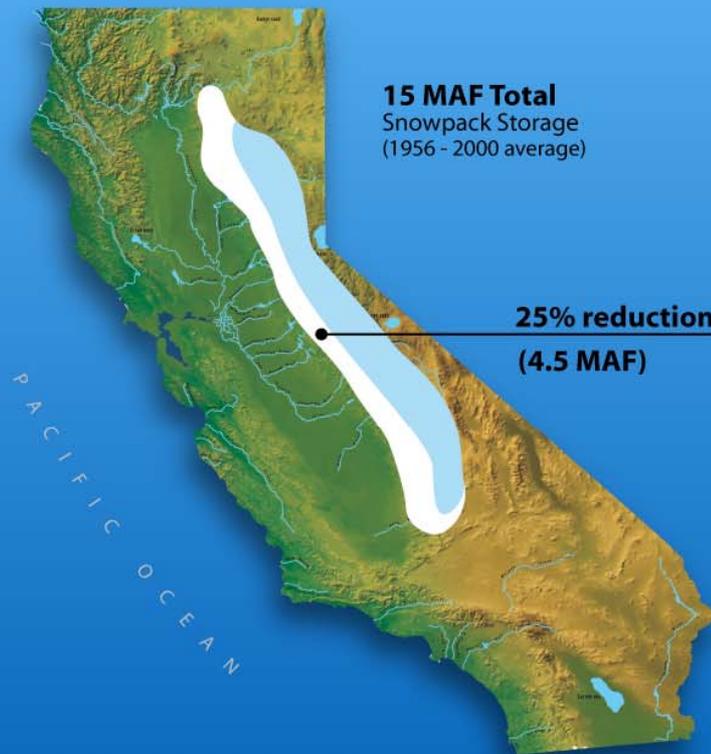
Changes in Peak Flows American River

American River Runoff
Annual Maximum 1-Day Flow



Red Line = Construction of Folsom Dam

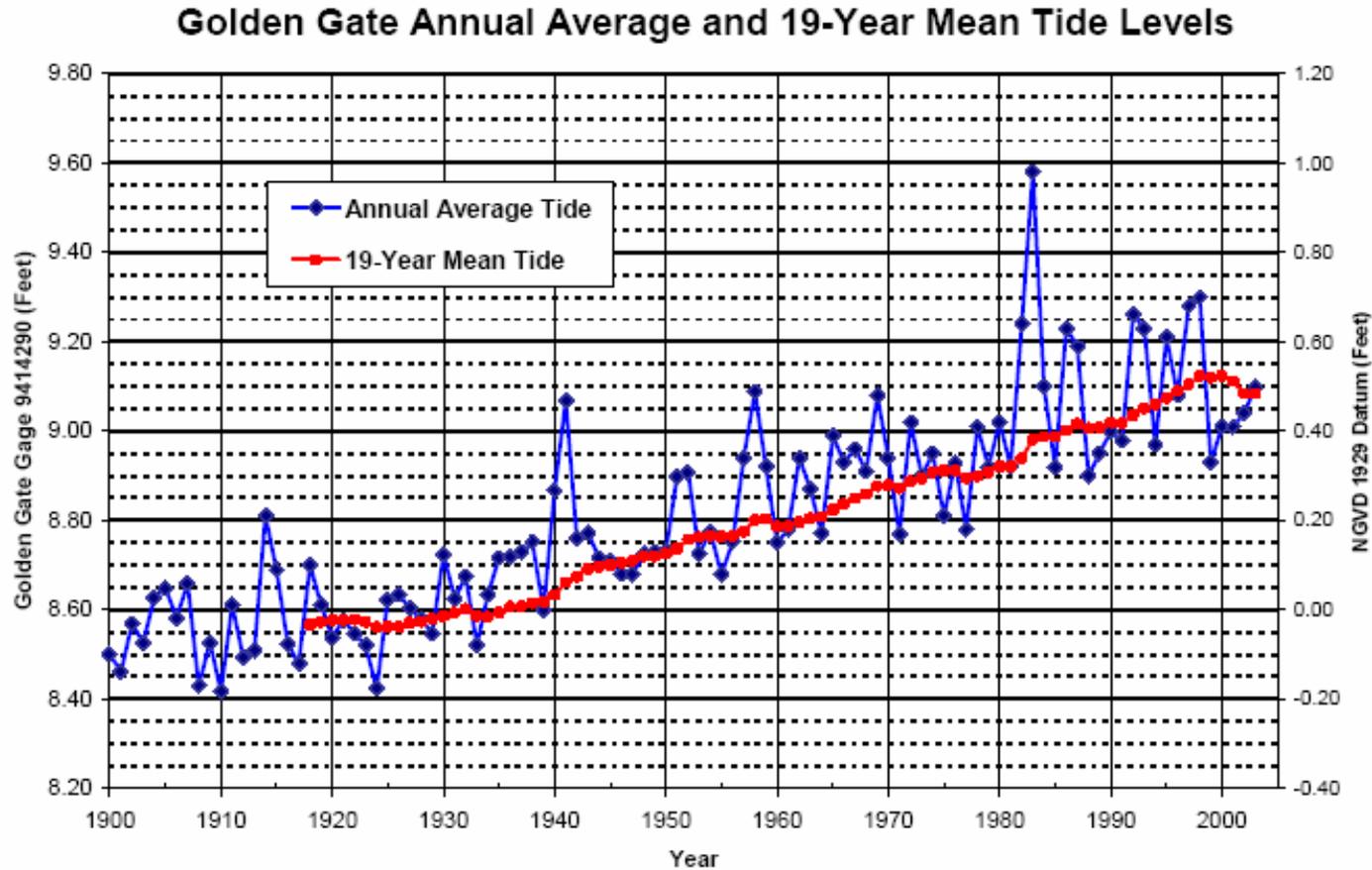
Range of Snowpack Reductions Projected by 2050



Sea Level Rise



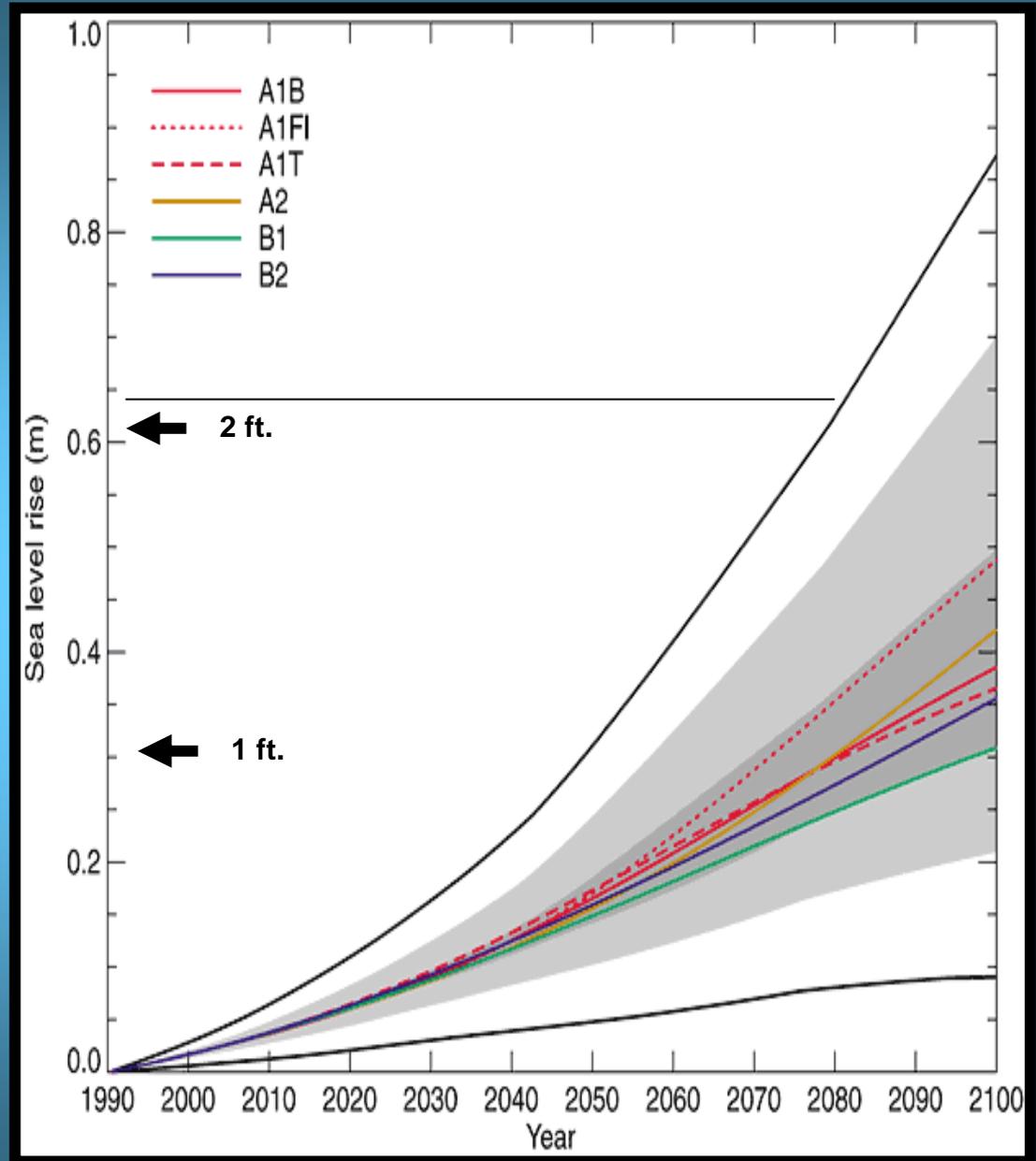
Sea Level Rise



Source: Roos 2003

Sea Level Rise

Projections



Source: IPCC, 2001



Water, Energy and Climate Change



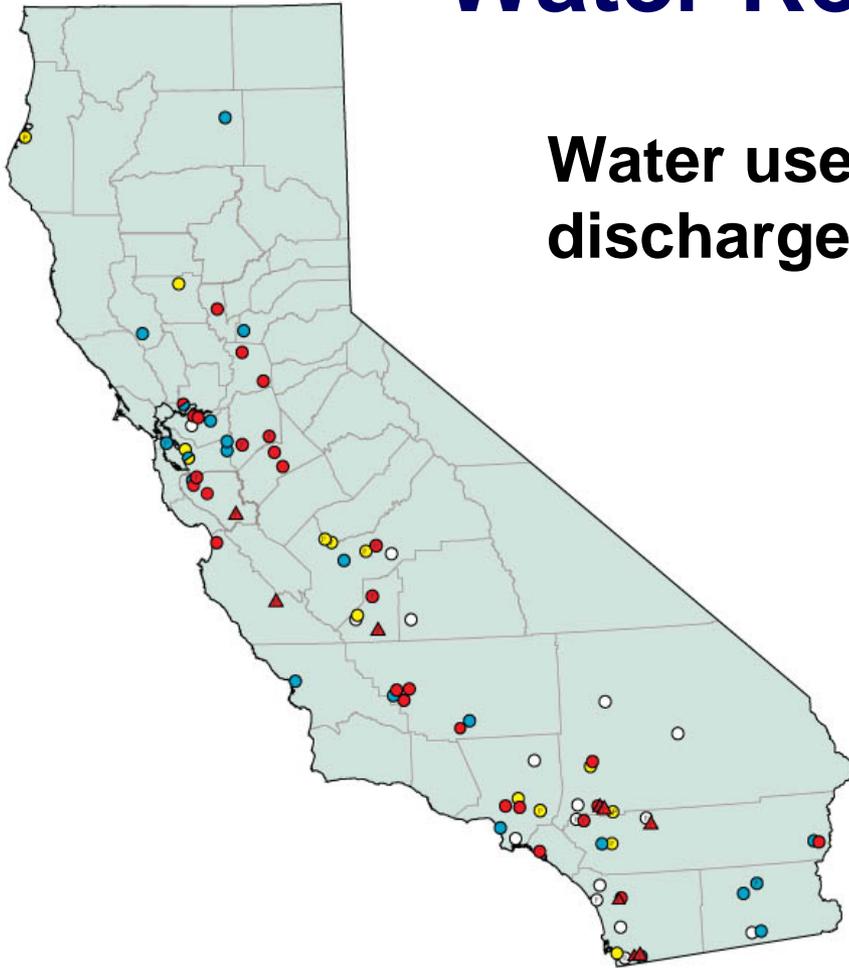
Future water management activities must carefully consider strategies to reduce greenhouse gas emissions







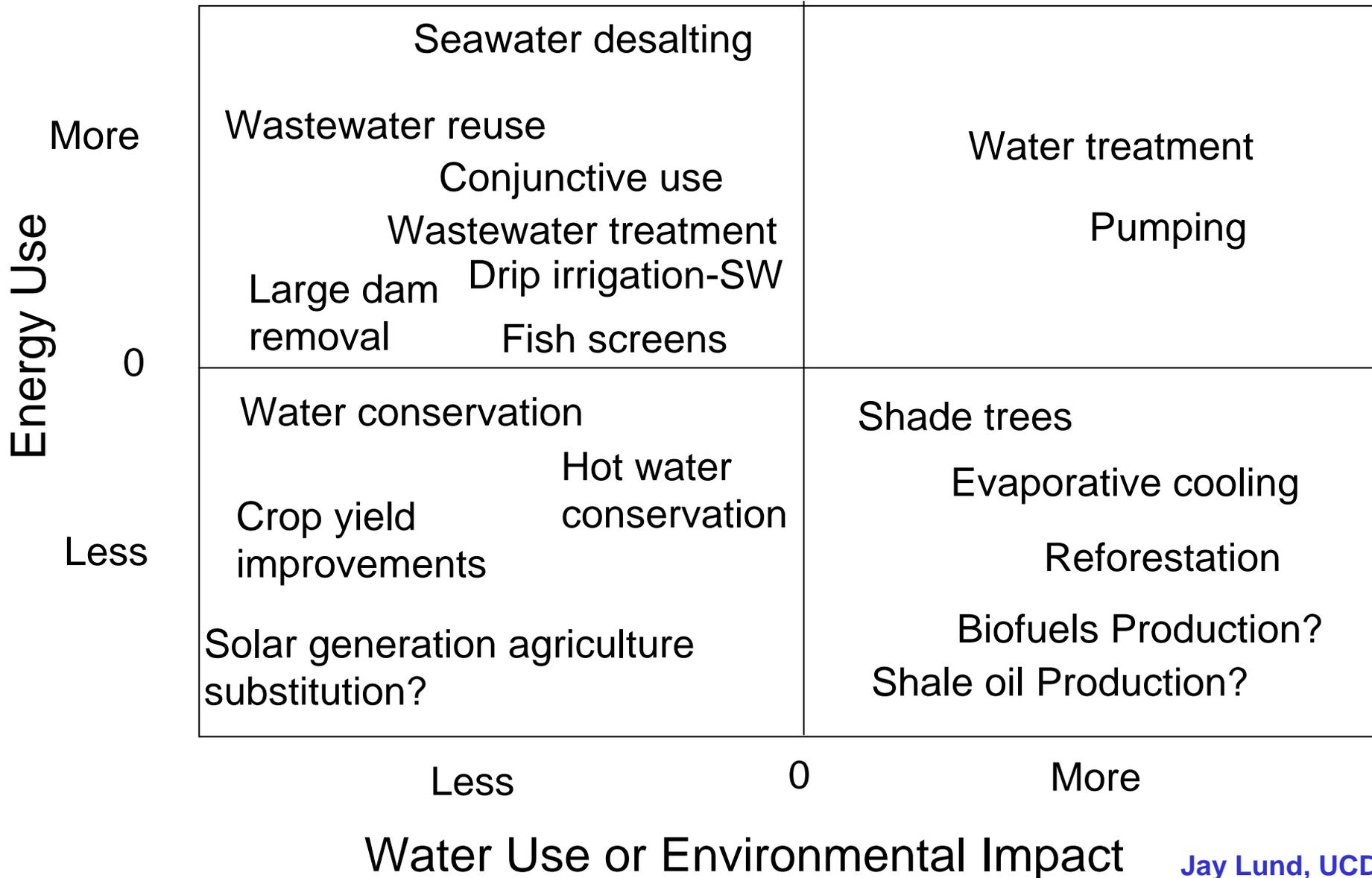
Water Related Impacts



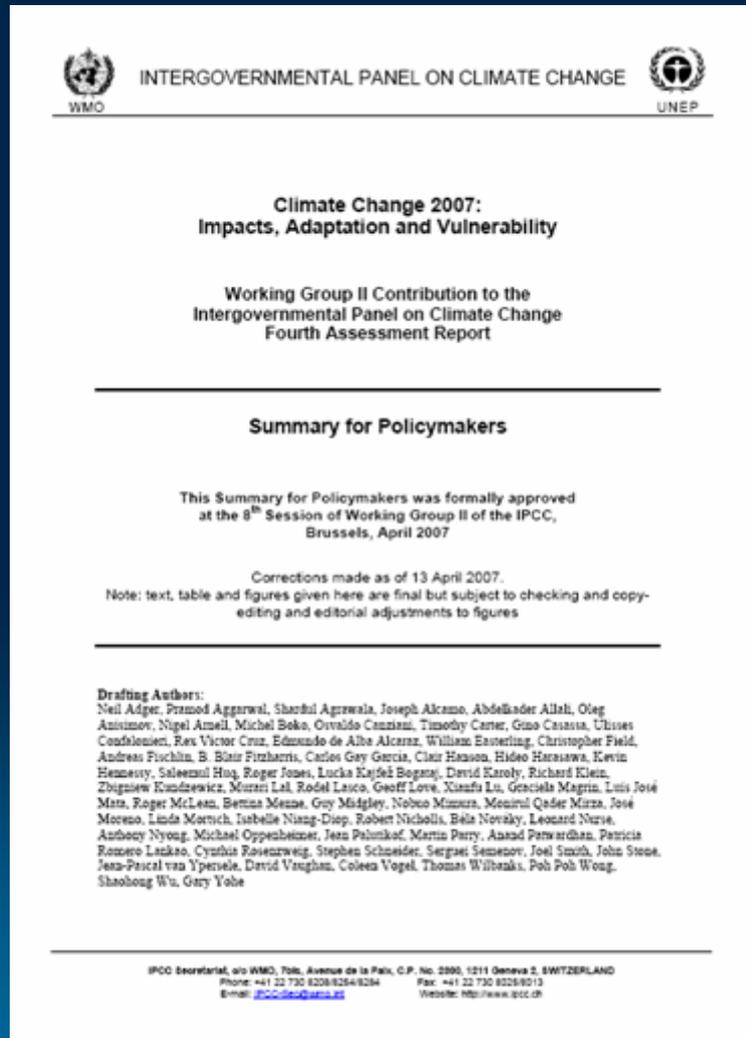
Water use and wastewater discharge by power plants can:

- Reduce fresh water available to current and future water users (residential, commercial and other users)
- Alter marine and aquatic ecosystems
- Degrade surface and groundwater resources

Common Energy-Water Tradeoffs



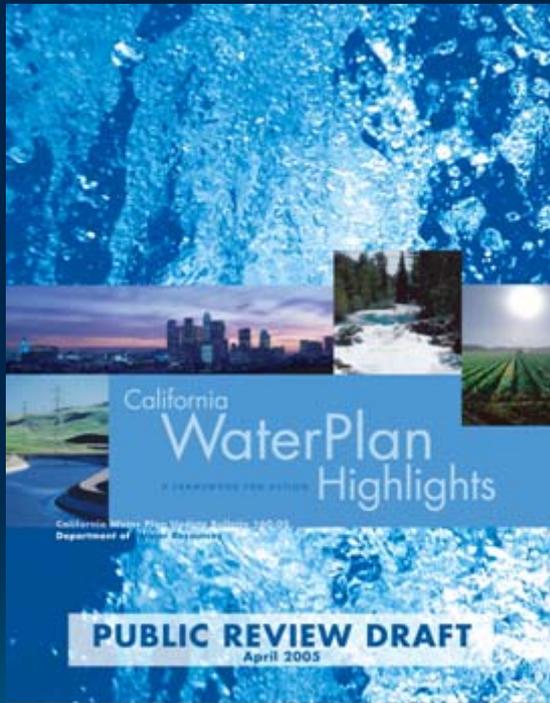
New IPCC Findings



- Confirms impacts we are already witnessing
- Emphasizes the importance of adaptation
- Impacts dependent upon both climate change and adaptive capacity
- Recommends a portfolio approach

Framework for Action

Sustainable & Reliable Water in 2030



Vision

Initiatives
for
Reliability

Foundational
Actions for
Sustainability



Climate change is the sole focus of one of the 14 major recommendations

Resource Management Strategies

Reduce Water Demand

- Agricultural Water Use Efficiency
- Urban Water Use Efficiency

Improve Operational Efficiency & Transfers

- Conveyance
- System Reoperation
- Water Transfers

Increase Water Supply

- Conjunctive Management & Groundwater Storage
- Desalination –Brackish & Seawater
- Precipitation Enhancement
- Recycled Municipal Water
- Surface Storage – CALFED
- Surface Storage - Regional/Local

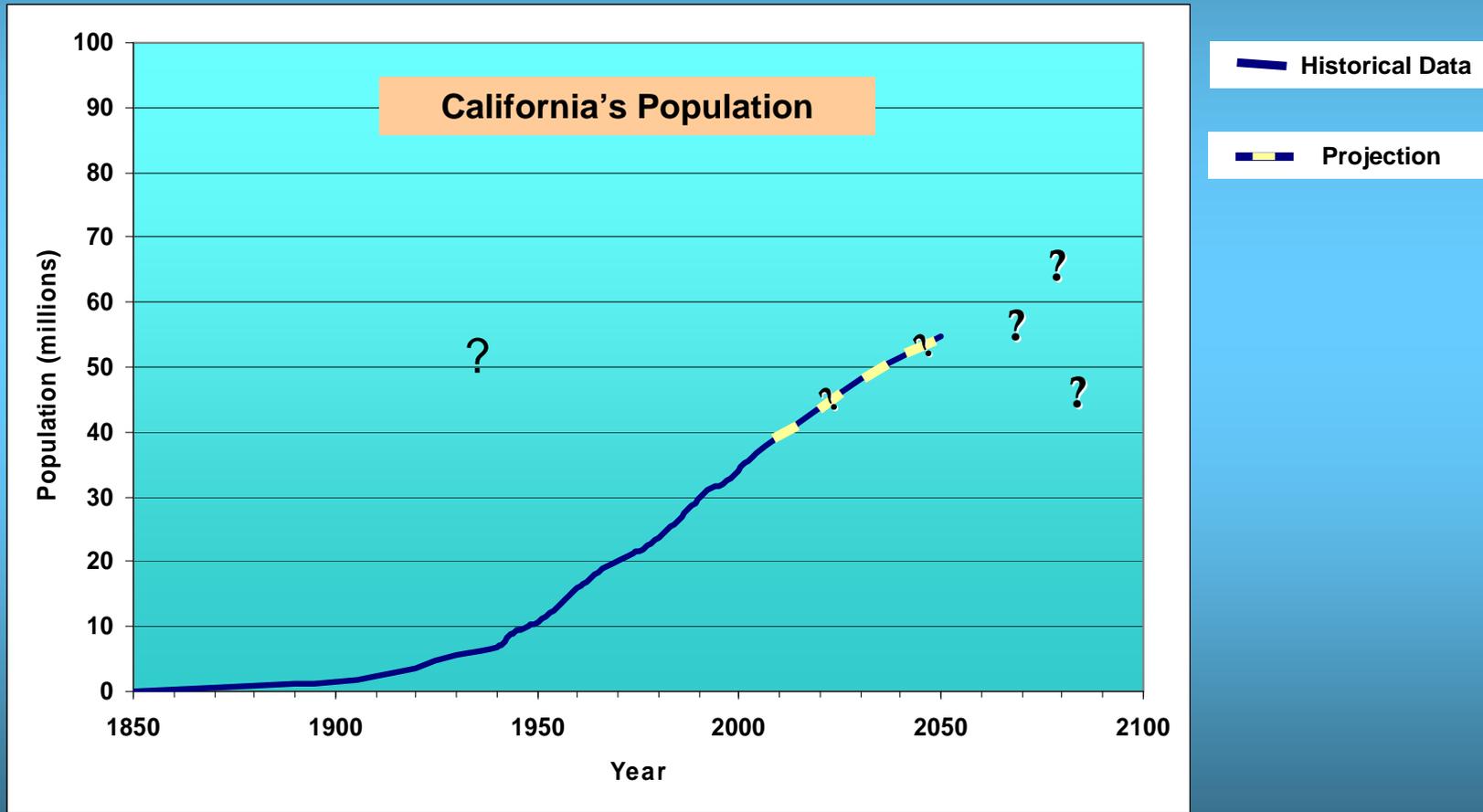
Improve Water Quality

- Drinking Water Treatment and Distribution
- Groundwater/Aquifer Remediation
- Matching Quality to Use
- Pollution Prevention
- Urban Runoff Management

Practice Resource Stewardship

- Agricultural Lands Stewardship
- Economic Incentives (Loans, Grants, and Water Pricing)
- Ecosystem Restoration
- Floodplain Management
- Recharge Areas Protection
- Urban Land Use Management
- Water-Dependent Recreation
- Watershed Management

Climate change is not the only uncertainty...



Source: California Department of Finance, 2005.



California Water Management and Climate Change

- Climate change presents significant challenges for the management of California's water resources.
- Climate change is occurring incrementally and will likely continue to do so based on historical records over the past 100 years and most projections.
- California's water management systems already provide a some degree of operational flexibility.
- We should have time to plan for future climate change and adapt to it.

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