State Water Board Division of Drinking Water Regional Board Update

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Objective of the Briefing

DDW Responsibilities

- Drinking Water Program
- Recycled Water
- Environmental Laboratory Accreditation
 Program



Field Operations

- 5 Regions
- 24 Districts
- Responsible for carrying out DWP's program objectives
- District staff interacts with water systems and other local partner agencies



Drinking Water Program

Type of System	Approximate #
COMMUNITY	3,000
Large (>3,300 people)	700
Small (>15 connections, <3,300 people)	2,300
NON-COMMUNITY	4,500
Nontransient	1,500
Transient	3,000
TOTAL	7,500

Type of System	Population	% of CA population
Large Water System >1000 connections	37 million	98%
Small Water System <1000 connections	400,000	1%

Safe Drinking Water Plan

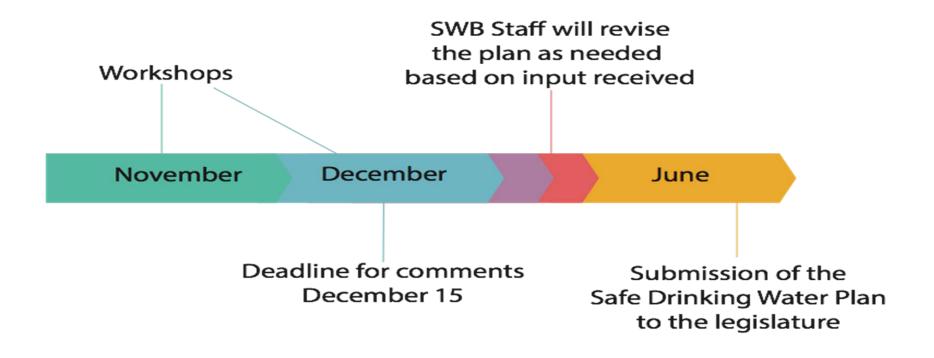
Purpose

- Assess overall quality of the state's drinking water.
- Identification of specific water quality problems.
- Analysis of the known and potential health risks that may be associated with drinking water contamination.
- Recommendations to improve drinking water quality.
- 6 Public Workshops held to invite the public to comment on the assessment, analysis and recommendations in the document.
- The Safe Drinking Water Plan does not address private domestic wells or water systems that do not meet the definition of a PWS.

Safe Drinking Water Plan

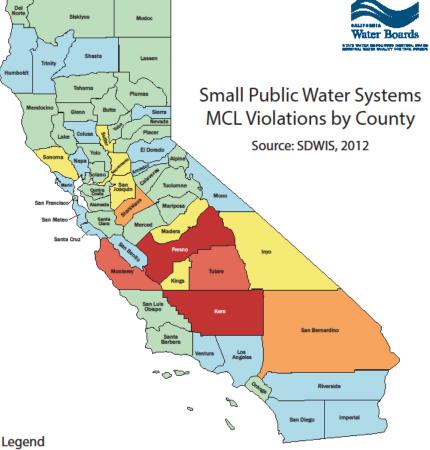


Safe Drinking Water Plan



SWS Program Plan

- 2012 CDPH Initiative
- 183 CWS w/<1000sc
 (GW w/Primary MCLs)
- Scope to Increase to Include CWS w/<3300 sc and all types of violations
- Focus on MHPs, Privately Owned and any not moving to solve problems



gena

Small Public Water Systems: 15-200 service connections.

Number of systems in violation of one or more MCLs, including arsenic, nitrate, uranium, SWTR, among others:



5 to 10 systems



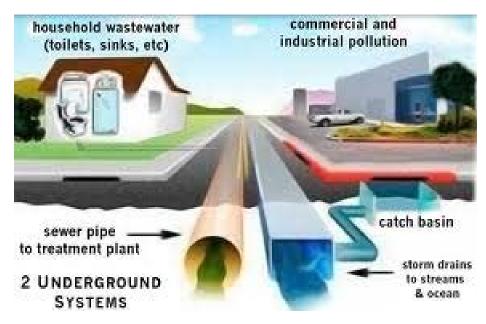


10 to 15 systems

25 systems and above

Source Water Protection Collaboration w/RWQCBs

- All discharges to either SW or GW are regulated.
- Pollution Prevention is more efficient/effective than treatment
- Opportunities exist for our programs



SWRCB Emergency Response Plan

- DDW is a first responder
- Duty Officer
 Program 24/7, 365
- ERP documents procedures for response
- Developing a Quick Reference Guide for Board Members

- Interface w/CalOES and SOC
- MOU w/CDPH for FDB and L&C Notifications
- Boots on the Ground to assess damages/water quality

Management Cycle

Recycled Water Unit

- Surface Water
 Augmentation
 Regulations
- Feasibility for Direct
 Potable Reuse
- Permitting activities in conjunction w/RWQCBs(FOF)

General WRRs

Recycling Update Potable/Indirect Reuse



- Groundwater Replenishment Regulations effective 6/18/14
- Water Code Section 13563 Requires the Water Board to:
 - Investigate feasibility of developing water recycling criteria for direct potable reuse
 - Develop and adopt Water Recycling Criteria for surface water augmentation

By December 31, 2016

Convene an expert panel to provide advice

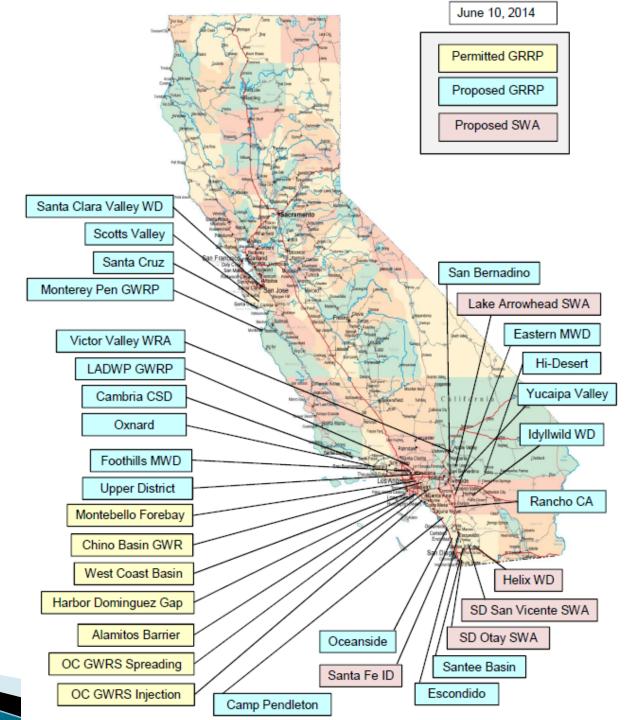


Expert Panel Charge

- Advise on public health issues and scientific and technical matters related to:
 - Developing surface water augmentation criteria
 - Feasibility of developing criteria for direct potable reuse
- Assess additional research needed for establishing criteria for direct potable reuse
- Panel Meetings On-Going; Next Meetings March 11& 12—Richmond, CA

DDW staff attend meetings, respond to questions and manage the expert panel activities

Indirect Potable Re-use Projects





Natural Disasters



Earthquakes, Wildfires, Mudslides, Flooding, Water Quality Emergencies

Conduct damage assessments, evaluate water quality results to confirm safety of supplies





