



EDMUND G. BROWN JR.
GOVERNOR

MATTHEW RODRIGUEZ
SECRETARY FOR
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

State Water Resources Control Board

Division of Drinking Water

April 11, 2016

System No. 3510001

Mr. Danny Hillstock, Utility Manager
375 Fifth Street
Hollister, CA 95023

CITATION NO. 02-05-16C-004

STAGE 2 DISINFECTION BYPRODUCTS MAXIMUM CONTAMINANT LEVEL VIOLATIONS DURING FOURTH QUARTER 2015 AND FIRST QUARTER 2016

Enclosed is a Citation issued to the City of Hollister (hereinafter "City of Hollister WS") public water system.

The City of Hollister WS will be billed at the State Water Resources Control Board's (hereinafter "State Board") hourly rate (currently estimated at \$153.00) for the time spent on issuing this Citation. California Health and Safety Code, Section 116577, provides that a public water system must reimburse the State Board for actual costs incurred by the State Board for specified enforcement actions, including but not limited to, preparing, issuing and monitoring compliance with a citation. At this time, the State Board has spent approximately three hours on enforcement activities associated with this violation.

The City of Hollister WS will receive a bill sent from the State Board in August of the next fiscal year. This bill will contain fees for any enforcement time spent on the City of Hollister WS for the current fiscal year.

If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Shaminder Kler of my staff at (831) 655-6938 or me at (831) 655-6934.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Jan R. Sweigert".

Jan R. Sweigert, P.E.
District Engineer, Monterey District Office
Northern California Field Operations Branch
Division of Drinking Water

Enclosures

Certified Mail No. 7008-7830-0004-5435-0448

cc San Benito County Environmental Health Department]

FELICIA MARCUS, CHAIR | THOMAS HOWARD, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

1 Lower Ragsdale, Bldg. 1, Suite 120, Monterey, CA 93940 | www.waterboards.ca.gov

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STATE OF CALIFORNIA
STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD
DIVISION OF DRINKING WATER

Name of Public Water System: City of Hollister

Water System No: 3510001

Attention: Mr. Danny Hillstock, Utility Manager
375 Fifth Street
Hollister, CA 95023

Issued: April 11, 2016

**CITATION FOR NONCOMPLIANCE
STAGE 2 DISINFECTION BYPRODUCTS
MAXIMUM CONTAMINANT LEVEL VIOLATIONS
CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 22, SECTION 64533(a)
FOURTH QUARTER 2015 AND FIRST QUARTER 2016**

The California Health and Safety Code (hereinafter "CHSC"), Section 116650, authorizes the State Water Resources Control Board (hereinafter "State Board") to issue a citation to a public water system when the State Board determines that the public water system has violated or is violating the California Safe Drinking Water Act (hereinafter "California SDWA"), (CHSC, Division 104, Part 12, Chapter 4, commencing with Section 116270), or any regulation, standard, permit, or order issued or adopted thereunder.

1 The State Board, acting by and through its Division of Drinking Water
2 (hereinafter "Division") and the Deputy Director for the Division, hereby issues
3 this citation pursuant to Section 116650 of the CHSC to the City of Hollister
4 (hereinafter "City of Hollister WS") water system for violation of CHSC, Section
5 116555(a)(1) and California Code of Regulations (hereinafter "CCR"), Title 22,
6 Section 64533(a).

7
8 A copy of the applicable statutes and regulations are included in Appendix 1,
9 which is attached hereto and incorporated by reference.

10
11 **STATEMENT OF FACTS**

12 The City of Hollister is classified as a community water system that serves an
13 approximate population of 36,108 through 6,117 connections. Pursuant to
14 CCR, Title 22, Section 64534.2(d), the City of Hollister WS is required to collect
15 four distribution samples per quarter for Total Trihalomethanes and Haloacetic
16 Acids (5) (hereinafter "TTHM and HAA5") analyses testing in accordance with
17 their approved Stage 2 Disinfectants and Disinfection Byproducts Monitoring
18 Plan.

19
20 The following table summarizes the monitoring analyses resulting in the TTHM
21 MCL failure at the Airport Building 20 sampling location:
22

Monitoring Period	Date Sampled	Result (mg/L)	Running Annual Average (mg/L)
1 ST Qtr 2015	4/21/2015 ^a	0.096	
2 nd Qtr 2015	7/9/2015 ^b	0.096	
3 rd Qtr 2015	9/16/2015	0.053	
4 th Qtr 2015	11/12/2015	0.085	0.083
1 st Qtr 2016	3/3/2016	0.093	0.082

^a Credited to 1st quarter 2015 by the Division

^b Credited to 2nd quarter 2015 by the Division

DETERMINATION

Under CCR, Title 22, Section 64535.2(b)(1), Disinfectants and Disinfection Byproducts compliance with the TTHM maximum contaminant level (hereinafter "MCL") of 0.080 milligrams per liter (hereinafter "mg/L") is based on a running annual average, calculated quarterly, for each monitoring location. Following receipt of the fourth quarter 2015 and first quarter 2016 monitoring results, the TTHM running annual average was calculated to be 0.0824 mg/L and 0.0819 mg/L, respectively, at the "Airport Building 20" sample site location. Therefore, the Division has determined that the City of Hollister WS violated CCR, Title 22, Section 64533(a) during the fourth quarter of 2015 and first quarter of 2016.

DIRECTIVES

The City of Hollister WS is hereby directed to take the following actions:

1. Comply with CCR, Title 22, Section 64533(a), in all future monitoring periods.
2. On or before **April 25, 2016**, notify all persons served by the City of Hollister WS of the violation of Section 64533(a), in conformance with CCR, Title 22, Sections 64463.4(b)&(c) and 64465. Copies of Sections

1 64463.4 and 64465 are included in Appendix 1. Appendix 2: Notification
2 Template shall be used to fulfill this directive unless otherwise approved
3 by the Division.
4

5 3. Complete Appendix 3: Compliance Certification Form. Submit it together
6 with a copy of the public notification required by directive 2 to the
7 Division on or before **May 10, 2016**.
8

9 4. The City of Hollister must complete an engineering evaluation of TTHM
10 in the water system which includes recommendations to return to
11 compliance, and submit the engineering evaluation report with an action
12 plan and schedule to implement recommendations to the Division on or
13 before **June 10, 2016**.
14

15 5. The City of Hollister WS shall include this violation in the 2015
16 Consumer Confidence Report in accordance with CCR, Title 22, Section
17 64481(g)(1).
18

19 All submittals required by this Citation shall be submitted to the Division at the
20 following address:

21
22 Jan R. Sweigert, P.E.
23 District Engineer, Monterey District
24 State Water Resources Control Board
25 Drinking Water Field Operation Branch
26 1 Lower Ragsdale Drive, Building 1, Suite 120
27 Monterey, CA 93940
28

29 The State Board reserves the right to make such modifications to this Citation
30 as it may deem necessary to protect public health and safety. Such
31 modifications may be issued as amendments to this Citation and shall be
32 effective upon issuance.

1 Nothing in this Citation relieves the City of Hollister WS of its obligation to meet
2 the requirements of the California SDWA (CHSC, Division 104, Part 12,
3 Chapter 4, commencing with Section 116270), or any regulation, standard,
4 permit or order issued or adopted thereunder.

5
6 **PARTIES BOUND**

7 This Citation shall apply to and be binding upon the City of Hollister WS, its
8 owners, shareholders, officers, directors, agents, employees, contractors,
9 successors, and assignees.

10
11 **SEVERABILITY**

12 The directives of this Citation are severable, and the City of Hollister WS
13 shall comply with each and every provision thereof notwithstanding the
14 effectiveness of any provision.

15
16 **FURTHER ENFORCEMENT ACTION**

17 The California SDWA authorizes the State Board to: issue a citation with
18 assessment of administrative penalties to a public water system for violation or
19 continued violation of the requirements of the California SDWA or any
20 regulation, permit, standard, citation, or order issued or adopted thereunder
21 including, but not limited to, failure to correct a violation identified in a citation or
22 compliance order. The California SDWA also authorizes the State Board to
23 take action to suspend or revoke a permit that has been issued to a public
24 water system if the public water system has violated applicable law or
25 regulations or has failed to comply with an order of the State Board, and to
26 petition the superior court to take various enforcement measures against a
27 public water system that has failed to comply with an order of the State Board.

28

1 The State Board does not waive any further enforcement action by issuance of
2 this Citation.

3
4 Jan Sweigert
5 Jan R. Sweigert, P.E.
6 District Engineer, Monterey District
7 Drinking Water Field Operation Branch
8

4/4/2016
Date

9 Appendices (3):

- 10
11 1. Applicable Statutes and Regulations
12 2. Notification Template
13 3. Compliance Certification Form
14



15 Certified Mail No. 7008-1830-0004-5435-0448

16

APPENDIX 1. APPLICABLE STATUTES AND REGULATIONS FOR

Violations of Stage 2 Disinfect and Disinfection Byproducts

California Health and Safety Code (CHSC):

Section 116271 states in relevant part:

(a) The State Water Resources Control Board succeeds to and is vested with all of the authority, duties, powers, purposes, functions, responsibilities, and jurisdiction of the State Department of Public Health, its predecessors, and its director for purposes of all of the following:

- (1) The Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Act (Article 3 (commencing with Section 100825) of Chapter 4 of Part 1 of Division 101).
- (2) Article 3 (commencing with Section 106875) of Chapter 4 of Part 1.
- (3) Article 1 (commencing with Section 115825) of Chapter 5 of Part 10.
- (4) This chapter and the Safe Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Law of 1997 (Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 116760)).
- (5) Article 2 (commencing with Section 116800), Article 3 (commencing with Section 116825), and Article 4 (commencing with Section 116875) of Chapter 5.
- (6) Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 116975).
- (7) The Safe Drinking Water, Water Quality and Supply, Flood Control, River and Coastal Protection Bond Act of 2006 (Division 43 (commencing with Section 75001) of the Public Resources Code).
- (8) The Water Recycling Law (Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 13500) of Division 7 of the Water Code).
- (9) Chapter 7.3 (commencing with Section 13560) of Division 7 of the Water Code.
- (10) The California Safe Drinking Water Bond Law of 1976 (Chapter 10.5 (commencing with Section 13850) of Division 7 of the Water Code).
- (11) Wholesale Regional Water System Security and Reliability Act (Division 20.5 (commencing with Section 73500) of the Water Code).
- (12) Water Security, Clean Drinking Water, Coastal and Beach Protection Act of 2002 (Division 26.5 (commencing with Section 79500) of the Water Code).

(b) The State Water Resources Control Board shall maintain a drinking water program and carry out the duties, responsibilities, and functions described in this section. Statutory reference to "department," "state department," or "director" regarding a function transferred to the State Water Resources Control Board shall refer to the State Water Resources Control Board. This section does not impair the authority of a local health officer to enforce this chapter or a county's election not to enforce this chapter, as provided in Section 116500...

- (k)
- (1) The State Water Resources Control Board shall appoint a deputy director who reports to the executive director to oversee the issuance and enforcement of public water system permits and other duties as appropriate. The deputy director shall have public health expertise.
 - (2) The deputy director is delegated the State Water Resources Control Board's authority to provide notice, approve notice content, approve emergency notification plans, and take other action pursuant to Article 5 (commencing with Section 116450), to issue, renew, reissue, revise, amend, or deny any public water system permits pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with Section 116525), to suspend or revoke any public water system permit pursuant to Article 8 (commencing with Section 116625), and to issue citations, assess penalties, or issue orders pursuant to Article 9 (commencing with Section 116650). Decisions and actions of the deputy director taken pursuant to Article 5 (commencing with Section 116450) or Article 7 (commencing with Section 116525) are deemed decisions and actions taken, but are not subject to reconsideration, by the State Water Resources Control Board. Decisions and actions of the deputy director taken pursuant to Article 8 (commencing with Section 116625) and Article 9 (commencing with Section 116650) are deemed decisions and actions taken by the State Water Resources Control Board, but any aggrieved person may petition the State Water Resources Control Board for reconsideration of the decision or action. This subdivision is not a limitation on the State Water Resources Control Board's authority to delegate any other powers and duties.

Section 116555(a)(1) states in relevant part:

- (a) Any person who owns a public water system shall ensure that the system does all of the following:
- (1) Complies with primary and secondary drinking water standards

Section 116650 states in relevant part:

- (a) If the department determines that a public water system is in violation of this chapter or any regulation, permit, standard, citation, or order issued or adopted thereunder, the department may issue a citation to the public water system. The citation shall be served upon the public water system personally or by certified mail. Service shall be deemed effective as of the date of personal service or the date of receipt of the certified mail. If a person to whom a citation is directed refuses to accept delivery of the certified mail, the date of service shall be deemed to be the date of mailing.
- (b) Each citation shall be in writing and shall describe the nature of the violation or violations, including a reference to the statutory provision, standard, order, citation, permit, or regulation alleged to have been violated.

- (c) A citation may specify a date for elimination or correction of the condition constituting the violation.
- (d) A citation may include the assessment of a penalty as specified in subdivision (e).
- (e) The department may assess a penalty in an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per day for each day that a violation occurred, and for each day that a violation continues to occur. A separate penalty may be assessed for each violation.

California Code of Regulations, Title 22 (CCR):

Section 64533(a) states in relevant part:

(a) Using the monitoring and calculation methods specified in sections 64534, 64534.2, 64535, and 64535.2, the primary MCLs for the disinfection byproducts shown in table 64533-A shall not be exceeded in drinking water supplied to the public.

**Table 64533-A
Maximum Contaminant Levels and Detection Limits for
Purposes of Reporting Disinfection Byproducts**

Disinfection Byproduct	Maximum Contaminant Level (mg/L)	Detection Limit for Purposes of Reporting (mg/L)
Total trihalomethanes (TTHM)	0.080	
Bromodichloromethane		0.0010
Bromoform		0.0010
Chloroform		0.0010
Dibromochloromethane		0.0010
Haloacetic acids (five) (HAA5)	0.060	
Monochloroacetic Acid		0.0020
Dichloroacetic Acid		0.0010
Trichloroacetic Acid		0.0010
Monobromoacetic Acid		0.0010
Dibromoacetic Acid		0.0010
Bromate	0.010	0.0050 0.0010 ¹
Chlorite	1.0	0.020

¹ For analysis performed using EPA Method 317.0 Revision 2.0, 321.8, or 326.0

Section 64535.2 states in relevant part:

- (b) TTHM and HAA5 MCL compliance, as monitored pursuant to section 64534.2(a), shall be determined as follows:
 - (1) For systems monitoring quarterly, the running annual arithmetic average, computed quarterly, of quarterly arithmetic averages of all samples collected pursuant to section 64534.2(a) shall not exceed the MCLs specified in section 64533;

Section 64463.4 (Tier 2 Public Notice) states in relevant part:

- (a) A water system shall give public notice pursuant to this section if any of the following occurs:
 - (1) Any violation of the MCL, MRDL, and treatment technique requirements, except:
 - (A) Where a Tier 1 public notice is required under section 64463.1; or
 - (B) Where the State Board determines that a Tier 1 public notice is required, based on potential health impacts and persistence of the violations;
 - (2) All violations of the monitoring and testing procedure requirements in sections 64421 through 64426.1, article 3 (Primary Standards – Bacteriological Quality), for which the State Board determines that a Tier 2 rather than a Tier 3 public notice is required, based on potential health impacts and persistence of the violations;
 - (3) Other violations of the monitoring and testing procedure requirements in this chapter, and chapters 15.5, 17 and 17.5, for which the State Board determines that a Tier 2 rather than a Tier 3 public notice is required, based on potential health impacts and persistence of the violations; or
 - (4) Failure to comply with the terms and conditions of any variance or exemption in place.
- (b) A water system shall give the notice as soon as possible within 30 days after it learns of a violation or occurrence specified in subsection (a), except that the water system may request an extension of up to 60 days for providing the notice. This extension would be subject to the State Board's written approval based on the violation or occurrence having been resolved and the State Board's determination that public health and welfare would in no way be adversely affected. In addition, the water system shall:
 - (1) Maintain posted notices in place for as long as the violation or occurrence continues, but in no case less than seven days;
 - (2) Repeat the notice every three months as long as the violation or occurrence continues. Subject to the State Board's written approval based on its determination that public health would in no way be adversely affected, the water system may be allowed to notice less frequently but in no case less than once per year.

No allowance for reduced frequency of notice shall be given in the case of a total coliform MCL violation or violation of a Chapter 17 treatment technique requirement; and

(3) For turbidity violations pursuant to sections 64652.5(c)(2) and 64653(c), (d) and (f), as applicable, a water system shall consult with the State Board as soon as possible within 24 hours after the water system learns of the violation to determine whether a Tier 1 public notice is required. If consultation does not take place within 24 hours, the water system shall give Tier 1 public notice within 48 hours after learning of the violation.

(c) A water system shall deliver the notice, in a manner designed to reach persons served, within the required time period as follows:

(1) Unless otherwise directed by the State Board in writing based on its assessment of the violation or occurrence and the potential for adverse effects on public health and welfare, **community** water systems shall give public notice by:

(A) Mail or direct delivery to each customer receiving a bill including those that provide their drinking water to others (e.g., schools or school systems, apartment building owners, or large private employers), and other service connections to which water is delivered by the water system; and

(B) Use of one or more of the following methods to reach persons not likely to be reached by a mailing or direct delivery (renters, university students, nursing home patients, prison inmates, etc.):

1. Publication in a local newspaper;
2. Posting in conspicuous public places served by the water system, or on the Internet; or
3. Delivery to community organizations.

(2) Unless otherwise directed by the State Board in writing based on its assessment of the violation or occurrence and the potential for adverse effects on public health and welfare, **noncommunity** water systems shall give the public notice by:

(A) Posting in conspicuous locations throughout the area served by the water system; and

(B) Using one or more of the following methods to reach persons not likely to be reached by a public posting:

1. Publication in a local newspaper or newsletter distributed to customers;
2. E-mail message to employees or students;
3. Posting on the Internet or intranet; or
4. Direct delivery to each customer.

Section 64465 (Public Notice Content and Format) states in relevant part:

(a) Each public notice given pursuant to this article, except Tier 3 public notices for variances and exemptions pursuant to subsection (b), shall contain the following:

(1) A description of the violation or occurrence, including the contaminant(s) of concern, and (as applicable) the contaminant level(s);

(2) The date(s) of the violation or occurrence;

(3) Any potential adverse health effects from the violation or occurrence, including the appropriate standard health effects language from appendices 64465-A through G;

(4) The population at risk, including subpopulations particularly vulnerable if exposed to the contaminant in drinking water;

(5) Whether alternative water supplies should be used;

(6) What actions consumers should take, including when they should seek medical help, if known;

(7) What the water system is doing to correct the violation or occurrence;

(8) When the water system expects to return to compliance or resolve the occurrence;

(9) The name, business address, and phone number of the water system owner, operator, or designee of the water system as a source of additional information concerning the public notice;

(10) A statement to encourage the public notice recipient to distribute the public notice to other persons served, using the following standard language: —Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this public notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this public notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail; and

(11) For a water system with a monitoring and testing procedure violation, this language shall be included: "We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water meets health standards. During [compliance period dates], we [did not monitor or test' or 'did not complete all monitoring or testing'] for [contaminant(s)], and therefore, cannot be sure of the quality of your drinking water during that time." ...

(c) A public water system providing notice pursuant to this article shall comply with the following multilingual-related requirements:

(1) For a Tier 1 public notice:

(A) The notice shall be provided in English, Spanish, and the language spoken by any non-English-speaking group exceeding 10 percent of the persons served by the public water system, and the notice shall include a telephone number or address where such individuals may contact the public water system for assistance; and

(B) If any non-English-speaking group exceeds 1,000 persons served by the public water system, but does not exceed 10 percent served, the notice shall include information in the appropriate

language(s) regarding the importance of the notice, and the telephone number or address where such individuals may contact the public water system to obtain a translated copy of the notice from the public water system or assistance in the appropriate language;

(2) For a Tier 2 or Tier 3 public notice:

(A) The notice shall contain information in Spanish regarding the importance of the notice, or contain a telephone number or address where Spanish-speaking residents may contact the public water system to obtain a translated copy of the notice or assistance in Spanish; and

(B) When a non-English speaking group other than Spanish-speaking exceeds 1,000 residents or 10 percent of the residents served by the public water system, the notice shall include:

1. Information in the appropriate language(s) regarding the importance of the notice; or
 2. A telephone number or address where such residents may contact the public water system to obtain a translated copy of the notice or assistance in the appropriate language;
- and

(3) For a public water system subject to the Dymally-Alatorre Bilingual Services Act, Chapter 17.5, Division 7, of the Government Code (commencing with section 7290), meeting the requirements of this Article may not ensure compliance with the Dymally-Alatorre Bilingual Services Act.

(d) Each public notice given pursuant to this article shall:

- (1) Be displayed such that it catches people's attention when printed or posted and be formatted in such a way that the message in the public notice can be understood at the eighth-grade level;
- (2) Not contain technical language beyond an eighth-grade level or print smaller than 12 point; and
- (3) Not contain language that minimizes or contradicts the information being given in the public notice.

**Appendix 64465-G. Health Effects Language
Disinfection Byproducts, Byproduct Precursors, and Disinfectant Residuals**

Contaminant	Health Effects Language
TTHMs (Total Trihalomethanes):	Some people who drink water containing trihalomethanes in excess of the MCL over many years may experience liver, kidney, or central nervous system problems, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer.
Halocetic Acids:	Some people who drink water containing halocetic acids in excess of the MCL over many years may have an increased risk of getting cancer.

Section 64469 (Reporting Requirements) states in relevant part:

(d) Within 10 days of giving initial or repeat public notice pursuant to Article 18 of this Chapter, except for notice given under section 64463.7(d), each water system shall submit a certification to the State Board that it has done so, along with a representative copy of each type of public notice given.

Section 64481 (Content of the Consumer Confidence Report) states in relevant part:

...

(g) For the year covered by the report, the Consumer Confidence Report shall note any violations of paragraphs (1) through (7) and give related information, including any potential adverse health effects, and the steps the system has taken to correct the violation.

- (1) Monitoring and reporting of compliance data.

APPENDIX 2. NOTIFICATION TEMPLATE

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Este informe contiene informacion muy importante sobre su agua potable.

Por favor hable con alguien que lo tradúcir.

City of Hollister Water System Has Levels of Disinfection Byproducts Above Drinking Water Standards

Our water system recently violated a drinking water standard. Although this is not an emergency, as our customers, you have a right to know what happened, what you should do, and what we did to correct the situation. Please share this information with other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly. You can do this by posting this notice in a public place and by giving out copies by hand or mail.

What happened?

We routinely monitor for the presence of drinking water contaminants. Testing results from January 2015 through March 2016 show that our system exceeds the standard, or maximum contaminant level (MCL) for Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM). The standard for TTHM is 80 micrograms per liter (ug/L). It is determined by averaging all samples collected by our system over the last 12 months. The level of TTHMs averaged at our system over the last 5 calendar quarters was 81.9 ug/L. This is above the drinking water standard or maximum contaminant level (MCL) of 80 ug/L.

What should I do?

- **You do not need to boil your water or take other corrective actions.**
- This is not an emergency. If it had been, you would have been notified immediately. However, *some people who drink water containing trihalomethanes in excess of the MCL over many years may experience liver, kidney, or central nervous system problems, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer.*
- If you have other health issues concerning the consumption of this water, you may wish to consult your doctor.

What happened? What was done?

To protect drinking water from disease-causing organisms, or pathogens, a disinfectant is added to drinking water. However, disinfection byproducts can form when organic-rich water is disinfected. A major challenge is how to control and limit risks from pathogens, maintain sufficient chlorine level to help to remove iron and manganese, and minimize disinfection byproduct formation at the same time. Disinfection byproducts tend to be highest during periods of long detention time in storage tanks. As a result of disinfection process, we have exceeded the MCL of TTHM.

APPENDIX 3. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION

Citation Number: **02-05-16C-004**

Name of Water System: **City of Hollister**

System Number: **3510001**

Certification

As required by Section 116450 of the California Health and Safety Code, I certify that I notified the users of the water supplied by the this water system of the Stage 2 Disinfection Byproducts violations of CCR, Title 22, Section 64533(a) for the compliance period of October through March 2016 and the required action listed below was completed.

Required Action	Date Completed
<i>(Citation Directive 2) Public Notification</i> <i>Methods Used:</i>	

Signature of Water System Representative

Date

Attach a copy of the public notice distributed.

THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED AND RETURNED TO THE WATER BOARD, DIVISION OF DRINKING WATER, NO LATER THAN MAY 10, 2016

Disclosure: Be advised that the California Health and Safety Code, Sections 116725 and 116730, state that any person who knowingly makes any false statement on any report or document submitted for the purpose of compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act may be liable for, respectively, a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each separate violation or, for continuing violations, for each day that violation continues, or be punished by a fine of not more than \$25,000 for each day of violation, or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed one year, or by both the fine and imprisonment.